Registered number: 03088287

DOREEN BIRD COLLEGE OF PERFORMING ARTS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021



REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Directors at the date of approval of

the accounts

G. F. Pine - Chair (appointed 1 September 2008)

S. Coen - CEO, Joint Principal and Accounting Officer (appointed 7 May

2002)

S. J. Atkins (appointed 30 October 2015)

L. de Abreu - Joint Principal and Artistic Director (appointed 5 November

2008)

J. K. A. Hunt (appointed 5 March 2008)
M. H. Skinner (appointed 12 June 2008)
K. Turner (appointed 12 June 2008)
J. P. Emery (appointed 27 June 2016)
K. K. Chahal (appointed 1 July 2020)
T. Wanogho-Maud (appointed 1 July 2020)

Registered number 03088287

Registered office 1 Bedford Row

London WCR1 4BZ

Trading address Alma Road

Sidcup Kent DA14 4ED

Independent external auditors Venthams

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

51 Lincoln's Inn Fields

London WC2A 3NA

Solicitors Greenwoods GRM LLP

1 Bedford Row London WC1R 4BZ

Key management

personnel/Senior management

team

Key management personnel are defined as members of The College Leadership Team and are:-

S. Coen - CEO, joint principal and accounting officer L. de Abreu - joint principal and artistic director

L. Figuerola - assistant principal

J. Stanning - assistant principal (until 31 March 2021)

S. Smith - assistant principal

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' Report	1 - 10
Directors' Responsibilities Statement	11
Statement of Corporate Governance and Internal Control	12 - 16
Statement on The College's Regularity, Propriety and Compliance with Funding Body Terms and Conditions of Funding	17
Independent Auditors' Report	18 - 21
Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure	22
Balance Sheet	23
Statement of Changes in Equity and Reserves	24
Statement of Cash Flows	25
Notes to the Financial Statements	26 - 44

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2021.

LEGAL STATUS

The Company was incorporated as The Doreen Bird College of Performing Arts Limited on the 7 August 1995 under the provisions of the Companies Act 1985. The Company trades as a college of education in the performing arts using the name of Bird College and is referred to in these reports as both The Company and The College.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The College provides specialist vocational training at further and higher education level in dance, drama and musical theatre. The College runs a further education diploma course in Professional Musical Theatre for students of 16 plus, validated by Trinity College, London and a higher education degree course in Professional Dance and Musical Theatre validated by the University of Greenwich for students of 18 plus. Both of these courses last for three years. The College also offers a one year pre professional foundation course and various short courses in Dance and Musical Theatre mainly in school holidays for students under 16. The College is an accredited provider of the Council for Dance, Drama and Musical Theatre (CDMT).

The College also provided peripatetic, instrumental and vocal tuition to local Primary Schools under a contract with the Local Education Authority as well as individual tuition for pupils and instrumental groups. The directors have decided to consolidate its provision, focusing on education and training programmes for students intending to pursue a career in the theatre and related professions. As a result of this decision the music services provision was transferred to another provider during with effect from 01 April 2021.

The College and its parent company award Scholarship and Support to some students and receives bursaries from outside bodies to fund the fees for some students.

MISSION, VISION, GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

Our mission is to:

Preserve and build upon our reputation for excellence as a leading and unique provider of vocational education and training in dance, music and theatre performance. Six key principles support this mission:

- The recruitment, without prejudice, of the most talented students, who show the necessary passion for their craft and whom The College prepares for a life-long engagement in the performance arts as articulate, creative and versatile artists.
- The setting of demanding training programmes within a nurturing environment in which each student is treated equally and as an individual artist, and where the student's talent is respected in order to steer personal ambitions regardless of any differences.
- The work of The College is closely aligned to the performance professions and securely rooted within the community sector, and draws upon and contributes to the expertise of the specialist vocation training sector.
- The regular review of programmes, partnerships and operations which ensures their worth in order to provide meaningful opportunities for students and a dynamic workplace for staff.
- The recruitment of the best staff, each an expert in his or her own field,
- The maintenance of an organisation that is well-managed, open and accountable, and gives all staff and students a voice.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

MISSION, VISION, GOALS AND OBJECTIVES (CONTINUED)

Our vision is to:

Build on our reputation and success nationally and internationally as the UK's most outstanding and dynamic centre offering world class education and professional training in dance, music and theatre performance. To achieve this we will:

- Build upon our national and international reputation for recruiting, motivating and inspiring the most talented learners from widely diverse backgrounds through education and professional training.
- Employ high calibre practitioners who are leaders in their chosen field and who are complemented by an outstanding team of support staff.
- Ensure the employability, professionalism and versatility of our graduates, thus ensuring that The College
 is at the forefront of international theatre.
- Create initiatives which improve the attractiveness of The College and its curriculum to learners from a more diverse range of backgrounds.

Our goals are:

In support of the above mission and vision, the College has the following goals:

- To ensure financial viability and sustainability including the development of a 3 year plan to bring together all the College's services to ensure they deliver year on year growth and profitability and to ensure that the services The College offers are widened and expanded.
- To have a reputation for excellence and create an organisational culture that is enterprising, equal and diverse including the development of policies to enhance the well being of staff and students.
- To operate from a one site, world class facility including the development of a 5 year plan to identify future capital needs and how these may be funded.

Our financial objectives are:

- To achieve an annual operating surplus.
- To generate sufficient levels of income to support the asset base of The College.
- To further improve The College's shorter term liquidity.
- To fund continued capital investment.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

FINANCIAL POSITION

Results for the period:

The College generated an operating surplus in the year of £275,351 (2020: £396,373). The operating surplus for the year is stated after deduction of one-off exceptional expenditure in relation to the transfer of the music service to another provider amounting to £139,989 (2020: £Nil) and excluding this item there would have been a profit of £415,340 (2020: £396,373). It is anticipated that the taxable profits for the year amounting to £268,981 (2020: £377,461) will be paid to the parent company by 30 April 2022. The effect of the payment of these Gift Aid amounts means that The College does not have a Corporation Tax liability and as it is the intention of the directors to continue this policy in the future there is no requirement to include deferred tax.

2020/21 continued to be a challenging year due to the Covid-19 pandemic. This situation was unprecedented and the directors took every possible step to secure the position of The College to offset the effects of lost income due to the cancellation of courses and events. Significant cost savings were because of the regulations associated with Covid-19. The funds received through the Job Retention Scheme (Furlough) enabled The College to retain staff who were not able to fulfil their duties remotely when the campus was required to close.

The College recognises that it was unable to provide the students of The College with all necessary practical lessons during periods of enforced lockdown and has undertaken to provide these students (even those who have graduated at July 2020 and July 2021) with the opportunity to attend "catch up classes" which The College will provide free of charge once lockdown is lifted to those students who wish to attend these sessions.

There was a continued increase in student numbers at the intake in September 2020. Further details of student numbers are given elsewhere in this report.

Other operating expenses were reduced because it was not necessary to incur some costs as a result of the cancelled courses and events. As a consequence of the coronavirus pandemic, The College was, for example, again unable to put on its annual end of year performance at a local theatre resulting in reduced costs on Theatre Production expenses. Operating expenses include an estimate for the costs of the "catch up classes" that will be provided to those students who attended during the year and an estimate of the cost of providing a graduation ceremony for the 2020 and 2021 graduates.

The College adopted a policy of revaluation of all its assets at 31 July 2015 with additions since that date being shown at cost. This resulted in a surplus on revaluation being recognised in the accounts and depreciation being calculated on the revalued amounts. The excess deprecation on the revalued amounts (included in total expenditure used to calculate the operating profit) amounted to £7,427 (2020: £94,783) This amount is adjusted from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account in the statement of changes in reserves.

After taking into account the profit for the year, but excluding the anticipated Gift Aid payment to be made after the end of the year, The College had accumulated reserves at 31 July 2021 of £1,164,961 (2020: £1,267,071) and cash balances of £440,148 (2020: £596,547). The directors regard these accumulated reserves and cash balances as satisfactory for the College's immediate needs but are conscious of the need to maintain these in order to fund the Gift Aid payment and the property transactions mentioned elsewhere in this report.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

Support from external and government bodies:

The College continues to be reliant upon funding from national and local education grants and 66% (2020: 64%) of income comes from these grants.

The College has continued to receive monies under the Dance and Drama Awards (DADA) Scheme. Applicants audition for places on the Diploma and if they reach the necessary standard, then they are offered the opportunity to be considered for a DADA award. Financial circumstances become the key criteria and determine how much financial assistance a student receives for both tuition fees and maintenance. The College is responsible for administering maintenance funds. How much money The College retains for tuition fees depends upon the financial circumstances of applicants as the funds available are required to fund both fees and maintenance.

Degree students fund their own fees. All qualifying students can access a loan to cover these through the student loan company. Greenwich University acts as a conduit for these funds and passes the funding to The College.

Cash flows and liquidity

Net cash generated from operating activities was £297,713 (2020: £305,841). This amount is after deduction of the exceptional expenditure mentioned above in relation to the transfer of the music service to another provider amounting to £139,989 (2020: £Nil) and excluding this item the net cash generated would have been £437,702 (2020: £305,481). This represents a strong performance due to an improvement in operating performance before depreciation.

The College's parent company has arranged loans and facilities to acquire and refit a new building that The College now occupies which enabled The College to relocate from a range of dispersed sites to a one-site facility. The parent company has drawn down this loan in full since February 2016 and used the funds to refit the site so it is suitable for occupation by The College. The parent company has continued to expand the site with the addition of new buildings. The College pays a market rent for the site but has financed some of the parent's company's costs from its own funds.

Treasury policy and objectives

Treasury management is the management of The College's cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks.

The College has no requirement for sophisticated treasury management policies as its affairs are relatively straightforward.

Reserves

The College has no formal Reserves Policy but recognises the importance of reserves in the financial stability of any organisation and ensures that there are adequate reserves to support the College's core activities. As at the balance sheet date the reserves are as set out in the Statement of Changes in Reserves. The College has adopted a policy of paying any operating surplus for the year to its parent charity, so it is the directors' intention to maintain the reserves at current levels through the generation of annual operating surpluses.

STAFF AND STUDENTS

Student numbers

During 2020/21 The College had 646 (2019/20: 598) students who were funded in a range of ways. The College also provided music services for the benefit of approximately 3,000 pupils in primary schools at Key Stage 2 but with the transfer of the music service to another provider these pupils are no longer provided with services.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

STAFF AND STUDENTS (CONTINUED)

Staff numbers

Details of staff numbers are set out in Note 7 to the accounts.

Student achievements

Full time students continue to prosper at The College and all diploma and degree students who completed the course achieved a nationally recognised qualification. All Foundation course students successfully reach the standard required for entry to full time training and education programmes.

Staff and student involvement

The College believes good communication with staff and students to be very important. Students are encouraged to participate in the election of student representatives. Four students from each year act and contribute to the development of College policy and course structure, content and delivery. The College encourages staff and students' involvement by asking representatives to attend the meetings of the Board of Directors.

Equal opportunities and employment of disabled persons

The College believes that it is in its own best interest, and of those who work in it, to ensure that the human resources, talents and skills available throughout the community are considered when employment opportunities arise. To this end, within the framework of the law, we are committed, wherever practical, to achieving and maintaining a workforce which broadly reflects the community in which we operate. Every possible step will be taken to ensure that individuals are treated equally and fairly and that decisions on recruitment, selection, training, promotion and career management are based solely on objectives and job related criteria.

The College recognises the need to counteract ideas and instances of individual and institutional discrimination on the grounds of race or ethnic origin, marital status, gender, sexual orientation, religion, age, or disability. We seek to provide a learning environment which dispels ignorance and prejudice, promoting Equal Opportunities by:

- Adopting the use of inclusive language.
- Examining teaching materials within Departments.
- Challenging inappropriate remarks to or about an individual group.
- Valuing the role of all members of The College and encouraging them to participate and lead in all college activities.
- Considering the practically, where necessary, of adapting premises and equipment and providing special aids for the disabled.
- Stressing the need for all members of The College to listen to each other as part of a sound work ethic.
- Promoting positive views of all members of the wider community.

All students are selected without regard to race, ethnic origin, religion, gender or sexual orientation. Age or disability are disregarded providing they can successfully complete a physically demanding specialised dance training course of three year's duration, followed by reasonable expectations of a professional performance career in dance, musical theatre and acting. In cases where this is not thought to be possible The College will seek to guide the applicant towards an appropriate alternative. All members of The College are required to observe and comply with this policy. Any instances of harassment will be dealt with seriously. It will be investigated under The College's disciplinary or grievance procedures.

The management team are developing a policy which will define explicit and measurable objectives and priorities for recruiting, retaining and accommodating people with disabilities. This will include an effective programme and the clear statement that conduct which breaches the policy will not be tolerated.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

RESOURCES

The College has various resources that it can deploy in pursuit of its strategic objectives.

Stakeholder relationships

In line with other colleges, The College has many stakeholders. These include:-

- Students both current, future and past.
- Funding bodies.
- Staff.
- Validating universities.
- Local authorities.
- Government Departments providing funding.
- Other local and national educational establishments.
- Finance providers including The College's bankers.

The College recognises the importance of these relationships and engages in regular communication with them through The College's web site and meetings.

Premises and assets

The College operates from the campus at Alma Road which is owned by its parent company. A masterplan is in place to further develop and make best use of the site to offer The College community facilities of an exceptional standard. The reliance on external rented spaces is much reduced and spaces are rented on an ad hoc basis.

Reputation

The College has a good reputation locally and nationally. Maintaining a quality image and brand is essential for The College's success at attracting students and with external relationships.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year are set out in the table below but further information regarding these is given in the Statement of Corporate Governance.

- G. F. Pine Chair (appointed 1 September 2008)
- S. Coen CEO, Joint Principal and Accounting Officer (appointed 7 May 2002)
- S. J. Atkins (appointed 30 October 2015)
- L. de Abreu Joint Principal and Artistic Director (appointed 5 November 2008)
- D. G. Hayes (appointed 25 June 2013, resigned 29 June 2021)
- J. K. A. Hunt (appointed 5 March 2008)
- M. H. Skinner (appointed 12 June 2008)
- K. Turner (appointed 12 June 2008)
- J. P. Emery (appointed 27 June 2016)
- K. K. Chahal (appointed 1 July 2020)
- T. Wanogho-Maud (appointed 1 July 2020)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The College has well developed strategies for managing risk and strives to embed risk management in all that it does. Risk management processes are designed to protect The College's assets, reputation and financial stability. The Board of Directors and relevant sub-committees have undertaken further work during the year including developing the system of internal control, including financial, operational and risk management which is designed to protect The College's assets and reputation.

A risk register is maintained which is reviewed by the Directors. The risk register identifies the key risks, the likelihood of those risks occurring, their potential impact on The College and the actions being taken to reduce and mitigate the risks.

Risks are prioritised using a consistent scoring system. The Board of Directors undertakes a comprehensive review of the risks to which The College is exposed. Some of this review is undertaken by sub-committees of the Board, including the Financial and General Purposes Committee and the Health and Safety Committee.

The Board of Directors identifies systems and procedures, including specific preventable actions which should mitigate any potential impact on The College. The internal controls are then implemented and the subsequent year's appraisal will review their effectiveness and progress against risk mitigation actions. In addition to the annual review, the Board of Directors will also consider any risks which may arise as a result of a new area of work being undertaken by The College. This is supported by a risk management training programme to raise awareness of risk throughout The College.

The main risk factors affecting The College are outlined below along with the action taken to minimise them. Not all the factors are within The College's control. Other factors besides those listed below may also adversely affect The College.

Risk: Tuition fee policy

Ministers have confirmed that the fee assumption remains at 50%. In line with the majority of other colleges, The College will seek to increase tuition fees in accordance with the fee assumptions. The risk for The College is that demand falls off as fees increase and this reduces the income stream of from these sources. This will impact on the growth strategy of The College.

The risk is mitigated in a number of ways:-

- Ensuring The College is rigorous in delivering high quality education and training, thus ensuring value for money for students.
- Close monitoring of the demand for courses as prices change.
- Increasing the number of full fee paying students such as overseas students.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

Risk: Government and local authority funding

The College has considerable reliance on continued government funding through the further and higher education sector funding bodies. In 2020/21 69% (2019/20: 64%) of The College's revenue was ultimately publicly funded and this level of requirement is expected to continue. There can be no assurance that government policy or practice will remain the same or that public funding will continue at the same levels or on the same terms.

The College is aware of several issues which may impact on future funding:

- The funding may cease either through the actions of a change in Government Policy, the performance of the students of The College or a change in criteria of the funding bodies which may mean The College no longer qualifies for funding;
- The levels of funding may be reduced

The risk is mitigated in a number of ways:-

- Funding is derived through a number of direct and indirect contractual arrangements.
- By ensuring The College is rigorous in delivering high quality education and training.
- Considerable focus and investment is placed on maintaining and managing key relationships with the various funding bodies.
- Ensuring The College focuses on those priority sectors which will continue to benefit from public funding.
- Regular dialogue with funding bodies.

Risk: Legislation and health and safety

In line with other Colleges and businesses, The College is exposed to the risk of action by existing staff, students or members of the public from the failure to operate the business in accordance with current legislation including that covering health and safety matters.

The risk is mitigated in a number of ways:-

- Setting up a health and safety sub-committee to look at all aspects of health and safety.
- Appointment of an Operations Manager and additional premises supervisors.
- Engaging a specialised health and safety company to carry out formal risk assessments on the assets of The College.
- Engaging a specialised human resources company to ensure that all staff matters are in accordance with the relevant legislation.
- Ensuring that all staff receive adequate training in health and safety matters.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES (CONTINUED)

Risk: Impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic

The College has been affected by the worldwide impact of the pandemic caused by the coronavirus (Covid-19) which was identified as a worldwide threat during the period covered by these accounts and accordingly the impact of any factors resulting from the virus up to the date of these accounts are considered in these accounts. The impact of these factors are continuing post year end and the uncertainty of not knowing how long this situation will go on represents a material risk.

The major risks associated with the impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) have been assessed as:

- A possible drop in students and fee income from other sources.
- An inability to use the company's premises for teaching purposes.
- An impact on the entity's supply chain.
- An impact on the entity's work force.
- An impact on cash from either losses or changes of income or payments schedules for suppliers.
- Not knowing how long this situation will go on.

The risks are being mitigated by detailed planning and contingency measures being put in place by the Board of Directors and the senior management team. These include:

- Use of Government funded schemes to finance employees placed on furlough.
- Revision to detailed cash flows and budgets under various scenarios.
- Discussions with suppliers to arrange payment plans and to defer planned capital expenditure.
- Where possible arranging for the workforce to work off site.

The College has three immediate and key objectives to reduce the impact and detrimental effects caused by the impact of the virus:

- Protect the education and training of the student body.
- Continuing to recruit exceptional students.
- Protect the financial health of the organisation to secure its future.

The sound financial planning and measures put in place by the management team have ensured that the College is in a reasonable financial and operating position to cope with the immediate effects of the pandemic but it is appreciated that longer term planning considerations are also required.

The Company is aware that due to the pandemic it was not able to provide a full level of teaching facilities to the students during the year and is intending to offer the students who studied in the year a series of Catch Up Classes. An estimate of the costs of providing the classes to such students has been made and included as an accrual in these accounts.

The impact of factors resulting from the virus are ongoing and not knowing how long this situation will go on represents a material uncertainty. The Directors set out their considerations regarding going concern in Note 1.2.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

Impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic

As noted in the principal risks and uncertainties section above and in Notes 1.2 and 19, The College has been impacted by the effects of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic. These affects are wide ranging and cannot be determined with accuracy as the pandemic is ongoing at the date of approval of the financial statements, and not knowing how long this situation will go on represents a material uncertainty.

COMPANY'S POLICY FOR THE PAYMENT OF CREDITORS

The Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998, which came into force on 1 November 1998, requires colleges, in the absence of agreement to the contrary, to make payments to suppliers within 30 days of either the provision of goods or services or the date on which the invoice was received. The target set by the Treasury for payment to suppliers within 30 days is 95 per cent of payments made and during the accounting period, The College achieved this target and incurred no interest charges in respect of late payment.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

Impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic

The College has continued to be affected by the impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic. Details of this are set out in the Principal Risks and Uncertainties Section above and in Notes 1.2 and 19.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Venthams, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

SMALL COMPANIES NOTE

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

G. F. Pine - Chair Director

-DocuSigned by:

Guiff film

Date: 30 March 2022

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under those laws and the terms and conditions of a Financial Memorandum agreed between the Company and the Education and Skills Funding Agency ("ESFA") the Company has to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The Company is also required to prepare the accounts in accordance with the 2019 Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting for Further and Higher Education" issued by Universities UK and guidance in the "College Accounts Direction 2019 to 2020 - Financial reporting requirements for sixth-form and further education colleges" issued by ESFA and the related "College Accounts Direction Handbook 2020/21" issued by The Association of Colleges.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss for the period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
 disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess whether the Company is a going concern, noting the key supporting assumptions, qualifications or
 mitigating actions as appropriate and to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis
 unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in operation.

The Company is also required to prepare a directors' report that describes what it is trying to do and how it is going about it, including information about the legal and administrative status of the Company.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the relevant legislation including the Further and Higher Education Act 1992 and the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The College is required to publish its annual report and financial statements on its website. The maintenance and integrity of The College website is the responsibility of the Board of Directors as delegated to the Joint Principal/Artistic Director and other staff; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that expenditure and income are applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and that the financial transactions conform to the authorities that govern them. They are responsible for ensuring that the funds from ESFA are only used in accordance the Financial Memorandum with that body and any other conditions that may be prescribed from time to time by the ESFA, or any other public funder

The Directors must ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place in order to safeguard public and other funds and to ensure that these funds are used properly. In addition, the Directors are responsible for securing the economical, efficient and effective management of the Company's resources and expenditure, so that the benefits that should be derived from the application of public funds from the ESFA and other public bodies are not put at risk.

Approved by order of the members of the Board and signed on its behalf by

—DocuSigned by:

Guff film

G.F. Pine - Director and Chair Date: 30 March 2022

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

The College is committed to exhibiting best practice in all aspects of corporate governance. The following statement is provided to enable readers of the annual report and accounts of The College to obtain a better understanding of its governance and legal structure. This statement covers the period from 1st August 2010 to 31st July 2021 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

GOVERNANCE CODE

The College endeavours to conduct its business:

- In accordance with the seven principles identified by the Committee on Standards in Public Life (selflessness, integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, honesty and leadership).
- In full accordance with the guidance to colleges from the Association of Colleges in The Code of Good Governance for English Colleges ("the Code")

In the opinion of the Directors, The College complies with/exceeds all the provisions of the Code, and it has complied throughout the year ended 31 July 2021. This opinion is based on an internal review of compliance with the Code. The Board of Directors recognises that, as a body entrusted with both public and private funds, it has a particular duty to observe the highest standards of corporate governance at all times. In carrying out its responsibilities, it takes full account of The Code of Good Governance for English Colleges issued by the Association of Colleges in March 2015, which it has formally adopted.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The composition of the Board of Directors who served during the year is set out in the Director's Report and comprises two Executive and various Non-Executive Directors.

The Executive Directors are responsible for the running of The College and their responsibilities include the setting of the revenue and capital budgets, making recommendations for the remuneration of staff to the Non-Executive Directors and approving bursaries and assistance for students from The College's own funds.

The Board of Directors are charged with the responsibility to bring judgment to bear on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standards of conduct. They are also responsible for the general management of The College, ensuring that the finances are in order and approving the remuneration of the staff and Executive Directors.

The Board of Directors meets at least three times a year. Elected staff and student representatives are invited to attend the Board Meetings. Formal agenda, papers and reports are supplied to the Directors prior to the Board meetings.

The Board has a strong and independent non-executive element and no individual group dominates its decision process. The Board considers that each of its non-executive directors is independent of management and free from any business or other relationship which could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgment.

There is a clear division of responsibility in that the role of the Chair and CEO are separate.

All directors are able to take independent professional advice in furtherance of their duties at the Company's expense and have access to the Company's legal advisers and it's secretarial company which is responsible to the Board for ensuring that all applicable procedures and regulations are compiled with. The appointment, evaluation and removal of the Secretary are matters for the Directors as a whole.

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

SUBCOMMITTEES

The College conducts its business through a number of subcommittees set with terms of reference approved by The Board of Directors. Each subcommittee has terms of reference which are approved by the Directors.

The Executive Directors, S, Coen and L. De Abreu are members of most of the subcommittees as noted below. Where relevant full minutes of all subcommittee meetings are maintained and provided to the directors.

Finance and General Purposes subcommittee

This subcommittee's remit is to ensure The College is accountable for the proper use of public funds and the effective use of its financial resources. It advises on relevant strategic issues including the management and development of the College's assets. The subcommittee scrutinises all aspects of the budget, including staffing, and formally submits it to the board of directors for approval. It is specifically responsible for recommending pay for the Executive Directors.

The subcommittee comprises solely of the Executive Directors and some Non-Executive Directors. The following Non-Executive directors are members of this subcommittee.

G. F. Pine

D. Hayes

J. Emery

Equity & Inclusion subcommittee

This subcommittee's remit is to monitor all aspects of equality, diversity and inclusion at all levels of The College structure. This includes access, recruitment, retainment and progression. It ensures that the College meets the individual needs of everyone within its diverse community and that their voices are heard and represented equitably.

The subcommittee comprises of the Executive Directors, a trustee of the holding company and staff & student members.

Environmental sub committee

This subcommittee's remit is to apply sustainable development across college activities, working closely with staff, students and our wider community to help change the world for the better, aligning with the College's core values.

The subcommittee comprises of staff & students with an interest in Environmental matters.

Health & Safety subcommittee

This subcommittee's remit is to review and monitor health and safety matters to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations and to deliver excellence in all areas.

The subcommittee comprises of the Executive Directors and suitable staff members.

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

SUBCOMMITTEES (CONTINUED)

Academic Board

The Academic Board monitors the Artistic and Academic work of all programmes delivered by The College. Recommendations are made to the Executive Group where action or new initiatives are intended in the areas of admissions, quality assurance, teaching, learning, assessment and vocational preparation.

The Academic Board comprises of the Executive Directors, staff & student representatives and a representative from the sponsoring University.

Executive Group

The Executive Group prepares and receives reports setting out key performance and risk indicators and consider possible control issues brought to their attention by early warning mechanisms, which are embedded within the departments and reinforced by risk awareness training. Recommend and implement change where appropriate.

The Executive Group comprises of the Executive Directors & Assistant Principals.

Management Group

The Management Group is responsible for having an overview of all aspects of The College and ensuring compliance. Each member has the appropriate expertise in their area of responsibility. They prepare reports for consideration by the Executive Group and the Board of Directors and its subcommittees and they implement operational change.

The Management Group comprises of the members of the Executive Group, the Executive Assistant/HR Manager, the Management Accountant, the Operations Manager, the Head of Academic Studies and the Head of Singing & Voice as a teaching representative.

IMPACT OF COVID-19

The Board of Directors and the subcommittees have not always been able to meet in person throughout the period that the COVID-19 pandemic has had an impact. The impact of the pandemic on the affairs of The College is set out elsewhere in the financial statements, but the Board of Directors have continued to have effective communications and if approbate members using online faculties and other lines of communication.

THE DOREEN BIRD FOUNDATION

The Trustees of The Doreen Bird Foundation, which owns all the share capital in The Company meets three times a year and receives reports from the Board of Directors and relevant sub committees. Individuals are appointed as Trustees / Directors of The Foundation following the requirements of the Companies Acts and serve an unspecified term.

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

INTERNAL CONTROL

Scope of responsibility

The Board of Directors is ultimately responsible for The Company's system of internal control and reviewing its effectiveness. However such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable, not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board of Directors has delegated the day to day responsibility to the CEO as Accounting Officer, for maintaining a sound system of internal financial control that supports the achievement of The Colleges policies, aims and objective, whilst safeguarding the public funds and assets for which they are personally responsible, in accordance with the responsibilities assigned to them in the Financial Memorandum between The College and the Education and Skills Funding Agency (and other Funding Bodies). The CEO is also responsible for reporting to the Board of Directors any material weakness or breakdowns in internal control. The CEO works closely with the Management Accountant who has responsibility for managing the finance team and its functions.

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of college policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in The College for the year concerned and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

Capacity to handle risk

The Board of Directors has reviewed the key risks to which The College is exposed, together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Board is of the view that there is a formal ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing The College's significant risks that have been in place for the year and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

The risk and control framework

The system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular management information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties, and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- Comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget which is reviewed and agreed by the Board of Directors.
- Regular reviews by the Board of Directors of periodic and annual financial reports which indicated financial performance against forecasts.
- Setting targets to measure financial and other performance.
- Clearly defined capital investment control guidelines.
- The adoption of formal project management disciplines where appropriate.

The Board of Directors and the Executive Group of The College receive reports setting out key performance and risk indicators and consider possible control issues brought to their attention by early warning mechanisms, which are embedded within the departments and reinforced by risk awareness training.

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED)

Review of effectiveness of system of internal control

As Accounting Officer, the CEO has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. This review is informed by the work of the Executive Group within The College who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework, and comments made by The College's financial statement auditors and the Funding Bodies and their appointed auditors in their management letters and other reports.

The Executive Group receives reports setting out key performance and risk indicators and considers possible control issues brought to their attention by early warning mechanisms, which are embedded within the departments and reinforced by risk awareness training.

Based on the advice of the Accounting Officer, the Board of Directors is of the opinion that The College has an adequate and effective framework for governance, risk management and control, and has fulfilled its statutory responsibility for "the effective and efficient use of resources, the solvency of the institution and the body and the safeguarding of their assets".

APPROVAL

Approved by order of the Board and signed on its behalf by Docusigned by:
shirley coen
S. A. Coen
Directos நடிக்கு, Joint Principal and Accounting Officer
Geoff Pine
G.F. Pine
Director and Chair

Date: 30 March 2022

STATEMENT ON THE COLLEGE'S REGULARITY, PROPRIETY AND COMPLIANCE WITH FUNDING BODY TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF FUNDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

The Company has considered its responsibility to notify the Education and Skills Funding Agency "EFSA" of any material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding, under the funding agreement in place between the College and the EFSA. As part of our consideration we have had due regard to the requirements of the funding agreement and contracts with the ESFA..

We confirm on behalf of The Company that after due enquiry, and to the best of our knowledge, we are able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the corporation, or material non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding, under the corporation's grant funding agreements and contracts with the ESFA, or any other public funder..

We confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the ESFA.

Survey Cocusigned by:

Survey Cocusigned by:

95580250F2C454AAA...

S. A. Coen

Director, CEO, Joint Principal and Accounting Officer

Docusigned by:

G. F. Pine

Director and Chair

Date: 30 March 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DOREEN BIRD COLLEGE OF PERFORMING ARTS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Doreen Bird College of Performing Arts Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 July 2021, which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Reserves and the Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 July 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusion and material uncertainty related to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate

However we draw attention to note 19 in the financial statements, which sets out the Company's considerations on the impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic. As stated in note 19 the impact of these factors are ongoing and not knowing how long this situation will go on represents a material uncertainty. The Directors have set out their assessment of going concern in note 1.2 and consider that the going concern basis in the preparation of the Financial Statements remains appropriate. The material uncertainty regarding how long the situation will go on may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DOREEN BIRD COLLEGE OF PERFORMING ARTS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are
 prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
 regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' Report and
 from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 11, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DOREEN BIRD COLLEGE OF PERFORMING ARTS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the company through discussions with directors and other management, and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the sector that the Company operates in:
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the company, including the Companies Act 2006, taxation legislation and data protection, employment, and health and safety legislation;
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- enquiry of management, those charged with governance and the entity's solicitors around actual and potential litigation and claims;
- enquiry of entity staff in tax and compliance functions to identify any instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations;
- reviewing minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining any accounting estimates;
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

• agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DOREEN BIRD COLLEGE OF PERFORMING ARTS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

- reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims;
- reviewing correspondence with HMRC and other relevant regulators and the company's legal advisors.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mark Taylor (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of **Venthams**

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

51 Lincoln's Inn Fields London WC2A 3NA

30 March 2022

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

Note	Continuing operations 2021	Discontin'd operations 2021	Total 2021 £	Continuing operations 2020	Discontin'd operations 2020 £	Total 2020 £
4	4,125,147	-	4,125,147	4,012,424	-	4,012,424
5	1,113,657	412,369	1,526,026	969,260	687,321	1,656,581
6	251,892	54,300	306,192	430,137	125,492	555, 629
	-	-	-	195	-	195
	5,490,696	466,669	5,957,365	5,412,016	812,813	6,224,829
7	(3,796,307)	(295,472)	(4,091,779)	(3,579,457)	(631,502)	(4,210,959)
12	(112,925)	(21,920)	(134,845)	(162,131)	(70,319)	(232,450)
	(1,314,695)	(706)	(1,315,401)	(1,380,578)	(4,469)	(1,385,047)
11	-	(139.989)	(139.989)	-	_	_
	266,769	8,582	275,351 	289,850 	106,523	396,373
	4 5 6	operations 2021 Note 4	operations 2021 Note 4	Note operations 2021 E operations 2021 E Total 2021 E 4 4,125,147 - 4,125,147 5 1,113,657 412,369 1,526,026 6 251,892 54,300 306,192 - - - - 5,490,696 466,669 5,957,365 7 (3,796,307) (295,472) (4,091,779) 12 (112,925) (21,920) (134,845) (1,314,695) (706) (1,315,401) 11 - (139,989) (139,989)	Note operations 2021	Note operations 2021 E operations 2021 E Total 2021 E operations 2020 E operations 2020 E 4 4,125,147 - 4,125,147 4,012,424 - 5 1,113,657 412,369 1,526,026 969,260 687,321 6 251,892 54,300 306,192 430,137 125,492 - - - 195 - 5,490,696 466,669 5,957,365 5,412,016 812,813 7 (3,796,307) (295,472) (4,091,779) (3,579,457) (631,502) 12 (112,925) (21,920) (134,845) (162,131) (70,319) (1,314,695) (706) (1,315,401) (1,380,578) (4,469) 11 - (139,989) (139,989) - -

The statement of comprehensive income and expenditure is in respect of continuing activities as a provider of tuition in respect of dance and drama and in respect of a discontinued operation in relating to the cessation and transfer during 2021 of the Music Service to another service provider (see note 11).

There was no other comprehensive income or gains or losses for 2021 (2020: £NIL) other than those included in the statement of comprehensive income and expenditure except for the payment of a Gift Aid amount to the holding company which is shown as a movement on reserves.

DOREEN BIRD COLLEGE OF PERFORMING ARTS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:03088287

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 JULY 2021

Note		2021 £		2020 £
12		1,105,999		1,164,193
		1,105,999	•	1,164,193
13	21,493		22,856	
14	150,514		103,151	
15	440,148		596,547	
•	612,155	-	722,554	
16	(553,193)		(619,676)	
•		58,962		102,878
		1,164,961	•	1,267,071
		1,164,961		1,267,071
	•		•	
18		1,000		1,000
20		40,109		47,536
20		1,123,852		1,218,535
	•	1,164,961	•	1,267,071
	13 14 15	13	Note £ 12	Note £ 12

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

G. F. Pine - Chair

DocuSigned by:

Suirty coun

9580050F20454AA...

S. A. Coen

Director and Chair Director, CEO, Joint Principal and Accounting Officer

Date: 30 March 202215 March 2022 Date: 30 March 202215 March 2022

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AND RESERVES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

	Called up share capital	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 August 2019	1,000	142,319	727,379	870,698
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	-	-	396,373	396,373
Transfers between revaluation and profit and loss account reserves	-	(94,783)	94,783	-
Balance at 1 August 2020	1,000	47,536	1,218,535	1,267,071
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	-	-	275,351	275,351
Gift Aid payment made to holding company in respect of prior year's taxable profits	-	-	(377,461)	(377,461)
Transfers between revaluation and profit and loss account reserves	-	(7,427)	7,427	-
Balance at 31 July 2021	1,000	40,109	1,123,852	1,164,961

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

	2021 £	2020 £
Cash flows from operating activities	-	
Profit for the financial year Adjustments for:	275,351	396,373
Depreciation of tangible assets	106,361	223,003
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	28,484	9,447
Decrease in stocks	1,363	1,393
Decrease in debtors	31,895	4,477
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	28,207	(6,542)
(Decrease) in amounts owed to groups	(173,948)	(322,310)
Net cash generated from operating activities	297,713	305,841
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(76,676)	(157,956)
Sale of tangible fixed assets	25	515
Net cash from investing activities	(76,651)	(157,441)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Gift Aid payment relating to prior year's profits paid	(377,461)	-
Net cash used in financing activities	(377,461)	-
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(156,399)	148,400
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	596,547	448,147
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	440,148	596,547
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprise:		
Cash at bank and in hand	440,148	596,547
	440,148	596,547

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

1. Statement of accounting policies and estimation techniques

1.1 Basis of preparation of accounts

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have also been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education 2019 (the 2019 FE HE SORP) and the associated College Accounts Direction for 2020 to 2021.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

1.2 Going concern

The activities of The College, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance are set out in the Directors' Report. The financial position of The College, its cashflow, liquidity and borrowings are presented in the Financial Statements and accompanying notes.

As noted in Note 19 and also the principal risks and uncertainties section of the Directors' Report, The College has been impacted by the effects of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic. The effects of the pandemic are wide ranging and cannot be determined with accuracy as the pandemic is ongoing at the date of approval of the financial statements, and not knowing how long this situation will go on represents a material uncertainty.

The College is reliant on the support of its parent company in particular in not demanding repayment of the inter- company balance mentioned in the related party transactions note 24.

The Directors have considered in detail the possible effects of the factors above and, taking in to account a period exceeding 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that it has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and for this reason will continue to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of its Financial Statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

1. Statement of accounting policies and estimation techniques (continued)

1.3 Recognition of income

Revenue grant funding

Recurrent grants from Funding Councils and other bodies are recognised in line with the latest estimates of the grant receivable for an academic year. Non-recurrent grants from Funding Councils or other bodies received in respect of the acquisition or construction of fixed assets are treated as deferred capital grants and amortised in line with depreciation over the life of the assets. Non-recurrent grants from Funding Councils or other bodies received in respect of revenue expenditure are recognised in the same period that the expenditure is incurred. Grants received before the expenditure has been incurred are shown in creditors.

Fee income and bursaries

Tuition Fees and Education Contracts represent amounts receivable from students, parents, Local Education Authorities and Sponsors in respect of tuition fees for the year under consideration. The cost of providing bursaries and funding from The Company's own funds is excluded from tuition fees. Bursaries met by other parties are included as Tuition Fees.

Agency arrangements

The College acts as an agent in the collection and payment of certain discretionary support funds and any other arrangements. Related payments received from the funding bodies and subsequent disbursements to students are excluded from the income and expenditure of The College.

1.4 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is accounted for under the accruals concept with the addition of Value Added Tax as the Company is not registered for Value Added Tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

1. Statement of accounting policies and estimation techniques (continued)

1.5 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Equipment costing less than £100 per individual item is written off to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year of acquisition. All other equipment is capitalised at cost.

As stated in Note 12 following the reorganisation of The College into one site in 2016, a detailed review of Fixed Assets was carried out and a policy was adopted of revaluing those assets which existed at the transfer to a new site at their market value at the date of the transfer. Additions subsequent to the transfer to the new site, and the costs involved with the creation of Fixed Assets within the new site are shown at cost.

Revaluations are made with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting date.

Gains and losses on revaluation are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income with a separate revaluation reserve being shown in the Balance Sheet.

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The Company adds to the carrying amount of an item of fixed assets the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred, if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental future benefits to the Company. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Where equipment is acquired with the aid of specific grants the asset is capitalised and depreciated in accordance with the above policy, with the relevant grant being credited to a deferred capital grant account and released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful economic life of the related equipment.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Depreciation on other assets is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line and reducing balance methods.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Improvements to leasehold - Over the term of the lease premises

Costumes and props - 20% Reducing balance method Motor vehicles - 20% Reducing balance method Extures, fittings and equipment - 20% Reducing balance method Reducing balance method Musical instruments - 20% Straight line method

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

1. Statement of accounting policies and estimation techniques (continued)

1.6 Revaluation of tangible fixed assets

The Company has adopted the revaluation model to revalue items of property, plant and equipment whose fair value can be measured reliably. The revaluations shall be made with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting period.

The fair value of items of plant and machinery is usually their market value determined by appraisal.

Revaluation gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity unless losses exceed the previously recognised gains or reflect a clear consumption of economic benefits in which case the excess losses are recognised in profit and loss.

1.7 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.8 Debtors and prepayments

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

1.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

In the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management.

1.10 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

1.11 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

1. Statement of accounting policies and estimation techniques (continued)

1.12 Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to profit or loss at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the same period as the related expenditure.

1.13 Gift aid payment to parent charity

The company pays all its taxable profits for the reporting period to its parent charity under the gift aid scheme. These gift aid payments are recognised as distributions to owners in equity within retained earnings.

The company does not have a legal obligation in place at the reporting date to make the payment of its taxable profits to the parent charity under the gift aid scheme. Therefore, gift aid payments are only recognised in the reporting period that the payments are made. The gift aid payment for the current reporting period is expected to be made within 9 months of the reporting date.

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

The company recognises the related tax relief on the gift aid payment in in the reporting period in which the profits arise and this relief is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure.

1.14 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.15 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

1.16 Exceptional items

Exceptional items are transactions that fall within the ordinary activities of the Company but are presented separately due to their size or incidence.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

2. General information

The Company was incorporated in England as The Doreen Bird College of Performing Arts Limited on the 7 August 1995 under the provisions of the Companies Act 1985. The company is Limited by shares.

The Company trades as a college of education in the performing arts using the name of Bird College and is referred to in these reports as both The Company and The College.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

In preparing these financial statements, management have made the following judgments:

Impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic

Management have considered the uncertainty arising from the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic that has occurred during the financial year but is continuing up to the date on which these financial statements are approved. The risks that The College are exposed to and the steps taken to mitigate them are set out in the Director's Report and in Notes 1.2 and 19.

The College is aware that due to the pandemic it was not able to provide a full level of teaching facilities to the students during the year and is intending to offer the students who studied in the year a series of Catch Up Classes. An estimate of the costs of providing the classes to such students has been made and included as an accrual in these accounts.

Tangible fixed assets

Certain classes of tangible fixed assets were revalued during a previous year at estimated market value as assessed by the directors in consultation with members of staff and external suppliers.

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

The directors have considered whether there are indicators of impairment of the group's tangible assets. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset.

Leases

Management determine whether leases entered into by The College as a lessee are operating or finance leases. These decisions depend on an assessment of whether the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred from the lessor to the lessee on a lease by lease basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

4. Funding body grants

	· ····································		
		2021 £	2020 £
	Education and Skills Funding Agency - Dance and Drama Awards	917,635	864,023
	Greenwich University for BA and Foundation Degree	3,207,512	3,148,401
		4,125,147	4,012,424
5.	Tuition fees and education contracts		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Tuition fees charged	613,793	486,574
	Pre-professional course fees	446,310	377,584
	Private lessons and examinations	60,291	48,274
	Summer and Easter short courses	-	71,513
	Arts Council - Music Hub	261,927	395,714
	Music services - school income	42,402	88,834
	Music services - local authority income	381	1,112
	Music department income	67,292	130,225
	PPA income	33,630	56,751
		1,526,026	1,656,581
6.	Other operating income		
		2021 £	2020 £
	Agency commission receivable	6,933	31,166
	Audition fees	67,331	59,890
	Income from productions and shows	13,869	27,404
	Student tours	-	6,455
	Musical instrument hirings	5,174	14,599
	Miscellaneous income	19,087	21,528
	Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme grants	193,798	394,587
		306,192	555,629

The Company furloughed various staff under the government's Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme. The funding received relates to staff costs which are included within the staff costs note below as appropriate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

7. Employee and staff details

	2021 £	2020 £
The staff costs incurred by the company were as follows:		
Wages and salaries	3,592,065	3,687,015
Social security costs	310,477	320,060
Staff pension costs - defined contribution scheme	189,237	203,884
	4,091,779	4,210,959

The average monthly number of employees, including the key management personnel but excluding non-executive unpaid part time directors during the year was as follows:

	2021 No.	2020 No.
Directors	2	2
Other key management personnel	3	3
Teaching staff	51	62
Non teaching staff	27	31
	83	98

8. Directors' and key management personnel remuneration

Key management personnel are defined those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of The College and are represented by The College leadership team which comprises:-

2021 No.	2020 No.
2	2
3	3
5	5
	No. 2 3

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

8. Directors' remuneration and key management personnel remuneration (continued)

	2021 £	2020 £
Directors' salaries	218,720	221,896
Directors' employers pension contributions	57,926	41,009
Directors' employers national insurance	27,694	28,197
	304,340	291,102
Other key management remuneration		
Key management salaries	159,578	179,327
Key management employers pension contributions	9,560	11,238
Key management employers national insurance	18,697	21,103
Total of directors and key management remuneration	492,175	502,770

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 2 directors (2020 - 2) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes.

The highest paid director received remuneration of £118,210 (2020 - £121,138).

The value of the company's contributions paid to a defined contribution pension scheme in respect of the highest paid director amounted to £17,978 (2020 - £21,230).

The total accrued pension provision of the highest paid director at 31 July 2021 amounted to £NIL (2020 - £10,000).

The number of directors and key management personnel who received annual emoluments, excluding pension contributions but including benefits in kind, in the following ranges was:

	2021 No.	2020 No.
£55,001 to £60,000	2	3
£60,001 to £65,000	1	-
£95,001 to £100,000	-	-
£100,001 to £105,000	1	1
£115,001 to £120,000	1	-
£120,001 to £125,000		1
	5	5

There were no other staff members who received annual emoluments of £60,000 or more.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

9. Other operating expenses

A breakdown of the other operating expenses of The College is as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Teaching costs	~	٤
Printing, postage and stationery	20,648	19,645
Theatre production expenses and overseas tours	175,309	181,638
	195,957	201,283
Teaching support services costs		
Resources costs	9,877	7,104
Audition expenses	-	876
Teaching equipment repairs	3,301	9,950
External validation fees	35,910	39,768
Exam costs	14,978	6,605
Staff development fund	14,276	28,490
	78,342	92,793
Administration and central services costs		
Insurances	42,115	38,455
Printing, postage and stationery	20,648	19,645
Telephone and internet	35,280	25,743
Bad and doubtful debts	(2,266)	3,168
Motor running costs	2,127	2,991
Hotels, travel and subsistence	466	5,201
Equipment leasing	4,790	9,578
Bank charges	4,695	8,390
Auditors' remuneration	14,900	12,300
Other service provided by the financial statements auditor - Accountancy	16,640	9,900
Other service provided by the financial statements auditor - Payroll	7,440	7,200
Computer costs	91,213	108,887
Catering and College events	10,911	11,811
HR and health and safety consultants	18,289	17,540
Staff recruitment	17,940	13,073
Legal and professional	6,981	32,848
Sundry expenses	16,158	13,787
	308,327	340,517

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

9. Other operating expenses (continued)

Other costs

	98,028	142,121
Premises costs		
Rent payable	321,402	272,919
Rates and water	11,206	16,452
Light and heat	50,283	50,793
Repairs to premises	69,357	71,590
Cleaning, laundry and hygiene	146,405	116,453
Alarms and vending maintenance	3,253	3,303
Canteen subsidy	31,141	68,178
Property consultancy fees	1,700	8,645
	634,747	608,333
Total other operating expenses	1,315,401	1,385,047

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

10. Taxation

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2020 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2021 £	2020 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	275,351 =	396,373
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%) Effects of:	52,317	76,731
Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	(496)	(1,350)
Utilisation of tax losses	=	(3,663)
Tax effect of Gift Aid payment to be made in subsequent year	(51,106)	(71,718)
Tax effect of the capital allowances superdedcution	(715)	-
Total tax charge for the year	<u> </u>	-

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The company intends to pay any taxable profits to its charitable holding company by way of a Gift Aid donation and accordingly will not have any future tax charge whilst this intention is maintained. This Gift Aid amount (if due) is physically paid in the subsequent accounting year.

11. Exceptional item and explanation of discontinued operations

	2021 £	2020 £
Music Service restructuring costs	139,989	-
	139,989	-

The decision to transfer the Music Service to another provider has been treated as a discontinued operation in the statement of comprehensive income and expenditure. The above exceptional costs relate to direct costs in relation to the closure of the Music Service.

The decision to cease the Music Service was taken before Covid-19 pandemic and most of the direct employees on the Music Service were placed on furlough and The College received funds under the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme in respect of these employees which has offset the actual salary costs. It was initially expected that redundancy costs would be incurred by The College, but another provider was found who was willing to take on the Music Service saving a substantial proportion of the potential redundancy costs. The College did agree to bear some additional costs relating to the transfer including those redundancy costs which were necessary as part of the transfer.

The costs allocated as discontinued operations do not include any share of overheads which the Music Department was expected to contribute to.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

12. Tangible fixed assets

	Short term leasehold property £	Costumes, props and instruments £	Motor vehicles £	Plant, equipment and fixtures £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 August 2020	1,285,441	577,923	39,184	574,753	2,477,301
Additions	36,518	12,845	-	27,313	76,676
Disposals	-	(353,999)	-	(14,473)	(368,472)
Transfers between classes	-	7,885	-	(7,885)	-
At 31 July 2021	1,321,959	244,654	39,184	579,708	2,185,505
Depreciation					
At 1 August 2020	462,242	475,455	21,501	353,910	1,313,108
Charge for the year on owned assets	37,783	19,733	3,537	45,308	106,361
Disposa l s	-	(332,079)	=	(7,884)	(339,963)
Transfers between classes	-	2,609	-	(2,609)	-
At 31 July 2021	500,025	165,718	25,038	388,725	1,079,506
Net book value					
At 31 July 2021	821,934	78,936	14,146	190,983	1,105,999
At 31 July 2020	823,199	102,468	17,683	220,843	1,164,193

Following the reorganisation of The College into one site in 2016, a detailed review of Fixed Assets was carried out and because of difficulties in identifying individual assets, a policy was adopted of including all assets at a revalued amount at their estimated market value at the date of the transfer to the new site. The revaluation was carried out by the staff of The College in consultation with external contractors and the revaluation amount was approved by the Board of Directors.

Additions subsequent to the transfer to the new site, and the costs involved with the creation of Fixed Assets within the new site are shown at cost.

It was not practical or possible to identify the original costs of the assets which were transferred to the new site, or to identify the specific assets which were scrapped or which no longer exist. Any exercise to attempt to identify these assets would involve undue cost and effort at that time. Accordingly no details are disclosed concerning the amounts which would have been included under the historical cost convention.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

		2021 £	2020 £
	Finished goods and goods for resale	21,493	22,856
		21,493	22,856
14.	Debtors		
		2021 £	2020 £
	Trade debtors	8,501	14,151
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	79,258	-
	Other debtors	12,190	13,012
	Prepayments and accrued income	50,565	75,988
		150,514	103,151
15.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2021 £	2020 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	440,148	596,547
		440,148	596,547
16.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2021 £	2020 £
	Trade creditors	57,714	80,627
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	94,690
	Other taxation and social security	111,333	111,622
	Other creditors	66,758	69,204
	Accruals and deferred income	317,388	263,533
		553,193	619,676

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

17. Financial instruments

	2021 £	2020 £
Financial assets		
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	99,949	27,163
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(440,329)	(467,609)

Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost comprise of trade debtors, other debtors and other company loans.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise of trade creditors, accruals, other creditors and other company loans.

18. Share capital

	2021	2020
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1,000 <i>(2020 - 1,000)</i> Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	1,000	1,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

19. Post balance sheet events and the impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic

Impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic

The College continues to be affected by the worldwide impact of the pandemic caused by the coronavirus (Covid-19). At the year end the coronavirus (Covid-19) had been identified as a worldwide threat and accordingly the impact of any factors resulting from the virus up to the date of these accounts are considered in these accounts. The impact of these factors are continuing post year end and the uncertainty of not knowing how long this situation will go on represents a material uncertainty.

The major risks associated with the impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) have been assessed as:

- a possible drop in students and fee income from other sources
- an inability to use the company's premises for teaching purposes
- an impact on the entity's supply chain
- an impact on the entity's work force
- an impact on cash from either losses or changes of income or payments schedules for suppliers
- not knowing how long this situation will go on.

The risks are being mitigated by detailed planning and contingency measures being put in place by the Board of Directors and the senior management team. These include:

- use of Government funded schemes to finance employees placed on furlough
- revision to detailed cash flows and budgets under various scenarios
- discussions with suppliers to arrange payment plans and to defer planned capital expenditure
- where possible arranging for the workforce to work off site.

The College has three immediate and key objectives to reduce the impact and detrimental effects caused by the impact of the virus:

- protect the education and training of the student body
- continuing to recruit exceptional students
- protect the financial health of the organisation to secure its future.

Other events

There were no other post balance sheet events which affect the figures disclosed in the accounts or which require disclosure.

20. Reserves

Revaluation reserve

The revaluation reserve represents the net surplus arising on the revaluation at 1 August 2015 of plant, equipment, costumes, musical instruments and other similar assets mentioned in note 12. The amount shown represents the difference between the net book value of the respective assets at the valuation date and the amount of the valuation.

An amount equivalent to the excess depreciation of the relevant assets (calculated as the difference between the depreciation calculated on the revalued amount and the deprecation charged on original cost) is released from the reserve is released back to the statement of comprehensive income and expenditure over the period that the asset is depreciated for.

Profit & loss account

The profit and loss account represent distributable reserves.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

21. Contingent liabilities

Value Added Tax (VAT) position

The College is not currently registered for VAT as the directors are of the opinion that the taxable turnover of The College is below that which requires VAT registration. The majority of its turnover arises from the supplies of education to its students or from supplies closely linked to the supply of education both of which are exempt income for VAT purposes.

In coming to this conclusion, the directors have relied on a decision of the UK tax tribunals and the European Courts which have ruled that this type of income would not be taxable in an unconnected case concerning the VAT liability of certain supplies which are closely related to education.

HMRC have issued guidance on the application of this decision and The College is of the opinion that if the guidance is applied to certain aspects of its income these items of income would not form taxable income and the remaining amounts of taxable income would not be sufficient for VAT registration to be required.

If the opinion is not confirmed, The College may be required to retrospectively register for VAT and account for tax on supplies of non-exempt income from the date that it should have been registered for VAT

It is not possible to quantify the possible liability which may arise and as the final judgment has not been issued, no amount has been provided for in these accounts for any potential liability.

Guarantee of borrowings of holding company

The Doreen Bird College of Performing Arts Limited has given an undertaking of £2,400,000 (2019: £2,400,000) to guarantee borrowings taken out by The Doreen Bird Foundation. This is secured by fixed and floating charges over the assets of The Doreen Bird College of Performing Arts Limited.

The Doreen Bird College of Performing Arts Limited has also given an indemnity on 26 January 2018 in respect of the total payments due under a lease agreement entered into by The Doreen Bird Foundation to provide a modular building on the property that is used by The College for the purpose of its trade. The indemnity was given for the full amount of the lease payments of £959,534..

22. Capital commitments

At 31 July 2021 the Company had capital commitments as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Contracted for but not provided in these financial statements	21,342	-
	21,342	-

23. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of The Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by The Company to the fund and amounted to £189,237 (2020: £203,884). Contributions totaling £41,248 (2020: £32,736) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and are included in creditors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

24. Lease obligations

At 31 July 2021 The Company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

In respect of land and buildings:	2021 £	2020 £
Not later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	300,000	250,000
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years Later than 5 years	1,200,000 5,400,000	1,000,000 4,750,000
	6,900,000	6,000,000

On 14 August 2019 The College signed a new lease for the premises for £250,000 per annum for a period of 25 years. The College has agreed to increase the rental for this property by £50,000 per annum from 01 August 2020 for the remainder of the term due to additional facilities provided.

At 31 July 2021 the Company had commitments to make future minimum lease payments under other non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	33,818	37,546
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	67,636	99,719
Later than 5 years	-	-
	101,454	137,265
	·	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

25. Related party transactions

Due to the nature of The College's operations and the board of directors being drawn in part from local private and public sector organisations, it is inevitable that transactions will take place with organisations in which a director may have an interest. All transactions with such organisations are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with The College's financial regulations and procurement procedures.

Apart from remuneration paid to two directors of The College as employees of the The College no expenses were paid to or on behalf of the Directors and no director has received any remuneration or waived payments from The College.

Transactions and balances with the parent, The Doreen Bird Foundation ("The Foundation").

During the year rent of £300,000 (2020: £250,000) was payable by The College, in respect of properties owned by The Foundation which are occupied by The College for the purpose of its trade.

The College made a Gift Aid donation to The Foundation during the year of £377,461 (2020: £Nil) in respect of the amount of The College's taxable profit for the previous year. The current year's taxable profits of £268,981 (2020: £377,461) will be paid in the next financial year.

The Foundation has agreed to provide support to The College by way of financing certain students' tuition fees by way of funding bursaries for those students. The bursaries awarded for the year amounted to £2,725 (2020: £16,210).

The Foundation has awarded prizes to the best performing students of The College for the year. These prizes are paid by The Foundation directly to the students concerned. The prizes awarded for the year amounted to £Nil (2020: £Nil).

The College bore legal costs of The Foundation relating to the landlords costs in the granting of a new lease to The College amounting to £Nil (2020: £4,800).

The College is owed £79,258 by The Foundation (2020: owed to The Foundation £94,690) in respect of the inter-company current account and this amount is included in creditors due within one year. The amounts owed are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand. In addition The College owes The Foundation an amount of £50,000 for agreed additional rent and this amount is included as an accrual in creditors due within one year.

The Company has given an undertaking of £2,400,000 (2020: £2,400,000) to guarantee borrowings taken out by The Foundation. This is secured by fixed and floating charges over the assets of The Company. The Company has also given an indemnity in respect of the total payments due under the lease agreement that The Foundation has taken out referred to in note 21 above.

26. Controlling party

In the opinion of the directors there is no ultimate controlling party.