Registered number: 03088287

DOREEN BIRD COLLEGE OF PERFORMING ARTS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors G. F. Pine

S. Coen - CEO, joint principal and accounting officer

S. J. Atkins

L. de Abreu - joint principal and artistic director

D. G. Hayes J. K. A. Hunt M. H. Skinner K. Turner J. P. Emery

Company secretary S.C.R. Secretaries Ltd

Registered number 03088287

1 Bedford Row **Registered office**

> London WCR1 4BZ

TRADING ADDRESS Alma Road

Sidcup Kent **DA14 4ED**

Independent auditors Venthams

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

51 Lincoln's Inn Fields

London WC2A 3NA

Solicitors Greenwoods GRM LLP

> 1 Bedford Row London

WC1R 4BZ

Key management personnel are defined as members of The College KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL Leadership Team and were represented by the following persons in

2018/19:

S. Coen - CEO, joint principal and accounting officer L. de Abreu - joint principal and artistic director

L. Figuerola - assistant principal J. Stanning - assistant principal S. Smith - assistant principal

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2019.

LEGAL STATUS

The Company was incorporated as Doreen Bird College of Performing Arts Limited on the 7 August 1995 under the provisions of the Companies Act 1985. The Company trades as a college of education in the performing arts using the name of Bird College and is referred to in these reports as both The Company and The College.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The College provides specialist vocational training at further and higher education level in dance, drama and musical theatre. The College runs a further education diploma course in Dance and Drama for students of 16 plus, validated by Trinity College, London and a higher education degree course in Dance and Drama validated by the University of Greenwich for students of 18 plus. Both of these courses last for three years. The College also offers a one year pre professional foundation course and various short courses in Dance and Drama mainly in school holidays for students under 16. The College is an accredited provider of the Council for Dance Education and Training.

The College also provides peripatetic, instrumental and vocal tuition to local Primary Schools under a contract with the Local Education Authority as well as individual tuition for pupils and instrumental groups.

The College and its parent company award Scholarship and Support to some students and receives bursaries from outside bodies to fund the fees for some students.

MISSION, VISION, GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

Our Mission is to:

Preserve and build upon our reputation for excellence as a leading and unique provider of vocational education and training in dance, music and theatre performance. Six key principles support this mission:

- The recruitment, without prejudice, of the most talented students, who show the necessary passion for their craft and whom The College prepares for a life-long engagement in the performance arts as articulate, creative and versatile artists.
- The setting of demanding training programmes within a nurturing environment in which each student is treated equally and as an individual artist, and where his/her talent is respected in order to steer personal ambitions regardless of any differences.
- The work of The College is closely aligned to the performance professions and securely rooted within the community sector, and draws upon and contributes to the expertise of the specialist vocation training sector.
- The regular review of programmes, partnerships and operations which ensures their worth in order to provide meaningful opportunities for students and a dynamic workplace for staff.
- The recruitment of the best staff, each an expert in his or her own field.
- The maintenance of an organisation that is well-managed, open and accountable, and gives all staff and students a voice.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

Our vision is to:

Build on our reputation and success nationally and internationally as the UK's most outstanding and dynamic centre offering world class education and professional training in dance, music and theatre performance. To achieve this we will:

- Build upon our national and international reputation for recruiting, motivating and inspiring the most talented learners from widely diverse backgrounds through education and professional training
- Employ high calibre practitioners who are leaders in their chosen field and who are complemented by an outstanding team of support staff.
- Ensure the employability, professionalism and versatility of our graduates, thus ensuring that The College is at the forefront of international theatre.
- Create initiatives which improve the attractiveness of The College and its curriculum to learners from a more diverse of backgrounds.

Goals:

In support of the above vision and mission, The College has the following goals:

- To ensure financial viability and sustainability including the development of a 3 year plan to bring together
 all the College's services to ensure they deliver year on year growth and profitability and to ensure that the
 services The College offers are widened and expanded.
- To have a reputation for excellence and create an organisational culture that is enterprising, equal and diverse including the development of policies to enhance the well being of staff and students.
- To operate from a one site, world class facility including the development of a 5 year plan to identify future capital needs and how these may be funded.

Financial objectives:

The College's financial objectives are:

- To achieve an annual operating surplus.
- To generate sufficient levels of income to support the asset base of The College.
- To further improve The College's shorter term liquidity.
- To fund continued capital investment.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

FINANCIAL POSITION

Results for the period:

The College generated an operating profit in the year of £135,560 (2018: £7,828). Income for the year showed an increase compared to the previous year following the increase in student numbers and the variety of courses offered. There was a resultant increase in staff costs. Other operating expenses has remained approximately the same. The operating profit is stated after deduction of a payment of £65,725 (2018: £nil) to The College's parent company charity in respect of the taxable profit earned in the previous year and excluding this the profit would have been £201,285 (2018: £7,828).

The College adopted a policy of revaluation of all its assets as at 31 July 2015 with additions since that date being shown at cost. This resulted in a surplus on revaluation of being recognised in the accounts and deprecation being calculated on the revalued amounts. The excess deprecation on the revalued amounts (included in total expenditure used to calculate the operating profit) amounted to £37,942 (2018: £61,420) and this amount is adjusted from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account in the statement of changes in equity

The College had accumulated reserves at 31 July 2019 of £870,698 (2018: £735,138) and cash balances of £448,147 (2018: £1,043,967). The directors regard these accumulated reserves and cash balances as satisfactory for the Company's immediate needs but are conscious of the need to maintain these in order to fund the property transactions mentioned elsewhere in this report.

Support from external and government bodies:

The College continues to be reliant upon funding from national and local education grants and 64% (2018: 63%) of income comes from these grants.

The College has continued to receive monies under the Dance and Drama Awards (DADA) Scheme. The DADA scheme was revised for students commencing their course in September 2013. Applicants audition for places on the Diploma and if they reach the necessary standard, then they are offered the opportunity to be considered for a DADA award. Financial circumstances become the key criteria and determine how much financial assistance a student receives for both tuition fees and maintenance. The College is responsible for administering maintenance funds. How much money The College retains for tuition fees depends upon the financial circumstances of applicants as the funds available are required to fund both fees and maintenance.

Degree students fund their own fees. All qualifying students can access a loan to cover these through the student loan company. Greenwich University acts as a conduit for these funds and passes the funding to The College.

Cash flows and liquidity

The College's parent company has arranged loans and facilities to acquire and refit a new building that The College now occupies enabling The College to relocate from a range of dispersed sites to a one-site facility. The parent company has drawn down this loan in full since February 2016 and used the funds to refit the site so it is suitable for occupation by The College. Prior to the granting of this loan, the costs involved with the acquisition of the site, the development of plans for the buildings and miscellaneous related costs have been paid partially from funds of The College (although the costs are being reflected as expenditure in the accounts of the parent company) and this has had an impact on the liquidity of The College.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

Treasury policy and objectives

Treasury management is the management of The College's cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks.

The College has no requirement for sophisticated treasury management policies as its affairs are relatively straightforward.

STAFF AND STUDENTS

Student numbers

During 2018/19 The College had 589 students who were funded in a range of ways. 75 of these students were self funded, 130 were funded from the Dance and Drama Award and 384 were funded by the University of Greenwich or through the Student Loan Company.

The College also provides music services for the benefit of approximately 3,000 pupils in primary schools at Key Stage 2.

Staff numbers

Details of staff numbers are set out in Note 7 to the accounts.

Student achievements

Full time students continue to prosper at the college and all diploma and degree students who completed the course achieved a nationally recognised qualification. All Foundation course students successfully reach the standard required for entry to full time training and education programmes. The number of music pupils participating in public performance continues to increase year on year.

Employee and student involvement

The College believes good communication with staff and students to be very important. Students are encouraged to participate in the election of student representatives. Four students from each year act and contribute to the development of College policy and course structure, content and delivery. The College encourages staff and students' involvement by asking representatives to attend the meetings of the Board of Directors.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

Equal opportunities and employment of disabled persons

The College believes that it is in its own best interest, and of those who work in it, to ensure that the human resources, talents and skills available throughout the community are considered when employment opportunities arise. To this end, within the framework of the law, we are committed, wherever practical, to achieving and maintaining a workforce which broadly reflects the community in which we operate. Every possible step will be taken to ensure that individuals are treated equally and fairly and that decisions on recruitment, selection, training, promotion and career management are based solely on objectives and job related criteria.

The College recognises the need to counteract ideas and instances of individual and institutional discrimination on the grounds of race or ethnic origin, marital status, gender, sexual orientation, religion, age, or disability. We seek to provide a learning environment which dispels ignorance and prejudice, promoting Equal Opportunities by:

- a) adopting the use of inclusive language;
- b) examining teaching materials within Departments;
- c) challenging inappropriate remarks to or about an individual group;
- d) valuing the role of all members of the college and encouraging them to participate and lead in all college activities:
- e) considering the practically, where necessary, of adapting premises and equipment and providing special aids for the disabled:
- f) stressing the need for all members of the college to listen to each other as part of a sound work ethic;
- g) promoting positive views of all members of the wider community.

All students are selected without regard to race, ethnic origin, religion, gender or sexual orientation. Age or disability are disregarded providing they can successfully complete a physically demanding specialised dance training course of three year's duration, followed by reasonable expectations of a professional performance career in dance, musical theatre and acting. In cases where this is not thought to be possible The College will seek to guide the applicant towards an appropriate alternative. All members of The College are required to observe and comply with this policy. Any instances of harassment will be dealt with seriously. It will be investigated under The College's disciplinary or grievance procedures.

The management team are developing a policy which will define explicit and measurable objectives and priorities for recruiting, retaining and accommodating people with disabilities. This will include an effective programme and the clear statement that conduct which breaches the policy will not be tolerated.

RESOURCES

The College has various resources that it can deploy in pursuit of its strategic objectives.

Stakeholder relationships

In line with other colleges, The College has many stakeholders. These include:-

- Students
- Funding bodies
- Staff
- Validating universities
- Local authorities
- Government Departments providing funding
- Other local and national educational establishments
- Finance providers including The College's bankers

The College recognises the importance of these relationships and engages in regular communication with them through The College's web site and meetings.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

Premises and assets

The College has moved into a new site, owned by its parent company and there are ongoing plans to develop this into a one site facility for all The College's activities. It also operates from other facilities and premises provided on an ad hoc basis.

Reputation

The College has a good reputation locally and nationally. Maintaining a quality image and brand is essential for The College's success at attracting students and with external relationships.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year are set out in the table below but further information regarding these is given in the statement of corporate governance

G. F. Pine

S. A. Coen - CEO, joint principal and accounting officer

S. J. Atkins

L. de Abreu - joint principal and artistic director

D. G. Hayes

J. K. A. Hunt

M. H. Skinner

K. Turner

J. P. Emery

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The College has undertaken further work during the year to develop and embed the system of internal control, including financial, operational and risk management which is designed to protect The College's assets and reputation. The Board of Directors undertakes a comprehensive review of the risks to which The College is exposed. Some of this review is undertaken by sub-committees of the Board, including the Financial and General Purposes Committee and the Health and Safety Committee.

The Board of Directors identifies systems and procedures, including specific preventable actions which should mitigate any potential impact on The College. The internal controls are then implemented and the subsequent year's appraisal will review their effectiveness and progress against risk mitigation actions. In addition to the annual review, the Board of Directors will also consider any risks which may arise as a result of a new area of work being undertaken by The College. This is supported by a risk management training programme to raise awareness of risk throughout The College.

The major risks to which The College are exposed to are as follows:-

Government and local authority funding

The College has considerable reliance on continued government funding through the further and higher education sector funding bodies. In 2018/19 64% (2017/18: 60%) of The College's revenue was ultimately publicly funded and this level of requirement is expected to continue. There are can be no assurance that government policy or practice will remain the same or that public funding will continue at the same levels or on the same terms.

The College is aware of several issues which may impact on future funding:

- the funding may cease either through the actions of a change in Government Policy, the performance of the students of the College or a change in criteria of the funding bodies which may mean the College no longer qualifies for funding;
- the levels of funding may be reduced.

The risk is mitigated in a number of ways:-

- funding is derived through a number of direct and indirect contractual arrangements;
- by ensuring The College is rigorous in delivering high quality education and training;
- considerable focus and investment is placed on maintaining and managing key relationships with the various funding bodies;
- ensuring the College is focused on those priority sectors which will continue to benefit from public funding.
- regular dialogue with funding bodies.

Tuition fee policy

Ministers have confirmed that the fee assumption remains at 50%. In line with the majority of other colleges, The College will seek to increase tuition fees in accordance with the fee assumptions. The risk for TheCollege is that demand falls off as fees increase and this reduces the income stream of from these sources. This will impact on the growth strategy of The College.

The risk is mitigated in a number of ways:-

- ensuring The College is rigorous in delivering high quality education and training, thus ensuring value for money for students;
- close monitoring of the demand for courses as prices change;
- increasing the number of full fee paying students such as overseas students.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

Legislation and health and safety

In line with other Colleges and businesses, The College is exposed to the risk of action by existing staff, students or members of the public from the failure to operate the business in accordance with current legislation including that covering health and safety matters.

The risk is mitigated in a number of ways:-

- setting up a health and safety sub-committee to look at all aspects of health and safety;
- appointment of a head of facilities and additional premises supervisors;
- engaging a specialised health and safety company to carry out formal risk assessments on the assets of The College:
- engaging a specialised human resources company to ensure that all staff matters are in accordance with the relevant legislation:
- ensuring that all staff receive adequate training in health and safety matters.

Impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic

Since the end of the year The College has been affected by the worldwide impact of the pandemic caused by the coronavirus (Covid-19). The Board of Directors regard this as a significant risk and therefore disclose in Note 21 the risks that the company is currently exposed to and the factors that they are taking to mitigate these risks.

The College has three immediate and key objectives to reduce the impact and detrimental effects caused by the impact of the virus:

- protect the education and training of our student body
- recruit exceptional students for September 2020
- protect the financial health of the organisation to secure its future

The sound financial planning and measures put in place by the management team have ensured that The College is in a reasonable financial and operating position to cope with the immediate effects of the pandemic but it is appreciated that longer term planning considerations are also required. The impact of factors resulting from the virus are ongoing and not knowing how long this situation will go on represents a material uncertainty. The Board of Directors set out their considerations regarding going concern in Note 2.1.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

Impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic

As noted in the principal risks and uncertainties section above and in Notes 2.1 and 21 since the end of the year The College has been impacted by the effects of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic. These affects are wide ranging and cannot be determined with accuracy as the pandemic is ongoing at the date of approval of the financial statements, and not knowing how long this situation will go on represents a material uncertainty.

COMPANY'S POLICY FOR THE PAYMENT OF CREDITORS

The Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998, which came into force on 1 November 1998, requires colleges, in the absence of agreement to the contrary, to make payments to suppliers within 30 days of either the provision of goods or services or the date on which the invoice was received. The target set by the Treasury for payment to suppliers within 30 days is 95 per cent of payments made and during the accounting period 1 August 2015 to 31 July 2016, The College achieved this target and incurred no interest charges in respect of late payment for this period.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

Impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic

Since the year end The College has been affected by the impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic. Details of this are set out in the Principal Risks and Uncertainties Section above and in Notes 2.1 and 21. No adjustments are required to the accounts of The College for the year as the effects of the pandemic are not considered an adjusting post balance sheet event.

Auditors

The auditors, Venthams, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

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DocuSigned by:

S. Coen Director

Date: 29 April 2020

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law and the terms and conditions of a Financial Memorandum agreed between the College and the Education and Skills Funding Agency (or its predecessors) the directors have to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. They are also required to prepare the accounts in accordance with the 2015 Statement of Recommended Practice - Accounting for Further and Higher Education and with the College Accounts Direction for 2018 to 2019 financial statements issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The College is required to publish its annual report and financial statements on its website. The maintenance and integrity of the College website is the responsibility of the Board of Directors as delegated to the joint principals and other staff; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that expenditure and income are applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and that the financial transactions conform to the authorities that govern them. In addition they are responsible for ensuring that the funds from The Education and Skills Funding Agency are only used in accordance the financial Memorandum with that body and any other conditions that may be prescribed from time to time. The Directors must ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place in order to safeguard public and other funds and to ensure that these funds are used properly. In addition the Directors are responsible for securing the economical, efficient and effective management of the Company's resources and expenditure, so that the benefits that should be derived from the application of public funds are not put at risk.

Approved by order of the members of the Board and signed on its behalf bydirectors are

G.F. Pine

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DocuSigned by: Geoff Pine

Director and Chair

Date: 29 April 2020

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

The College is committed to exhibiting best practice in all aspects of corporate governance. This summary describes the manner in which The College has applied this practice. Its purpose is to help the reader of the financial statements understand how the principles have been applied.

The Board of Directors

The composition of the Board of Directors (who oversees the activities of The College as governors) who served during the year is set out in the Director's Report and comprises two Executive and various Non-Executive Directors. The company secretary is S.C.R. Secretaries Limited, a corporate secretarial company administered by the Company's legal advisers.

The Executive Directors are responsible for the running of The College and their responsibilities include the setting of the revenue and capital budgets, making recommendations for the remuneration of staff to the Non-Executive Directors and approving bursaries and assistance for students from The College's own funds.

The Board of Directors are charged with the responsibility to bring judgment to bear on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standards of conduct. They are also responsible for the general management of The College, ensuring that the finances are in order and approving the remuneration of the staff and Executive Directors.

The Board of Directors meets at least three times a year. Elected staff and student representatives are invited to attend the Board Meetings. Formal agenda, papers and reports are supplied to the Directors prior to the Board meetings.

The Board has a strong and independent non-executive element and no individual group dominates its decision process. The Board considers that each of its non-executive directors is independent of management and free from any business or other relationship which could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgment.

There is a clear division of responsibility in that the role of the Chair and CEO are separate.

All directors are able to take independent professional advice in furtherance of their duties at The College's expense and have access to the Company's legal advisers and it's secretarial company which is responsible to the Board for ensuring that all applicable procedures and regulations are compiled with. The appointment, evaluation and removal of the Secretary are matters for the Directors as a whole.

Sub Committees

The College conducts its business through a number of committees. Each Committee has terms of reference which are approved by the Directors. Full minutes of all committee meetings are maintained and provided to the directors.

The Board of Directors have set up Finance and General Purposes subcommittee. This committee has terms of reference which have been approved by the Board. One of the responsibilities of this committee is to make recommendations to the full board on the remuneration and benefits of the principal and other senior post-holders. Details of remuneration for the year are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

The Doreen Bird Foundation

The Trustees of The Doreen Bird Foundation, which owns all the share capital in the Company meets three times a year and receives reports from the Board of Directors and relevant sub committees; Individuals are appointed as Trustees / Directors of the Foundation following the requirements of the Companies Acts and serve an unspecified term.

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

INTERNAL CONTROL

Scope of responsibility

The Board of Directors is ultimately responsible for the Company's system of internal control and reviewing its effectiveness. However such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable, not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board of Directors has delegated the day to day responsibility to the CEO as Accounting Officer, for maintaining a sound system of internal financial control that supports the achievement of The Colleges policies, aims and objective, whilst safeguarding the public funds and assets for which they are personally responsible, in accordance with the responsibilities assigned to them in the Financial Memorandum between The College and the Education and Skills Funding Agency (and other Funding Bodies). The CEO is also responsible for reporting to the Board of Directors any material weakness or breakdowns in internal control. The CEO works closely with the Head of Finance who has responsibility for managing the finance team and its functions.

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of college policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in The College for the year concerned and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

Capacity to handle risk

The Board of Directors has reviewed the key risks to which The College is exposed, together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Board is of the view that there is a formal ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing The College's significant risks that have been in place for the year and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

The risk and control framework

The system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular management information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties, and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- a) Comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget which is reviewed and agreed by the Board of Directors
- b) Regular reviews by the Board of Directors of periodic and annual financial reports which indicated financial performance against forecasts
- c) Setting targets to measure financial and other performance
- d) Clearly defined capital investment control guidelines
- e) The adoption of formal project management disciplines where appropriate.

The Board of Directors and the senior management team of The College receive reports setting out key performance and risk indicators and consider possible control issues brought to their attention by early warning mechanisms, which are embedded within the departments and reinforced by risk awareness training.

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

Review of effectiveness of system of internal control

As Accounting Officer, the CEO has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. This review is informed by the work of the executive managers within the college who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework, and comments made by The College's financial statement auditors and the Funding Bodies and their appointed auditors in their management letters and other reports.

Based on the advice of the Accounting Officer, the Corporation is of the opinion that The College has an adequate and effective framework for governance, risk management and control, and has fulfilled its statutory responsibility for "the effective and efficient use of resources, the solvency of the institution and the body and the safeguarding of their assets".

Approval

Approved by order of the Board and signed on its behalf by
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S. A. Coen
Director, CEO, Joint Principal and Accounting Officer DocuSigned by:
G .F. Pine Douglighed by: G.F. Pine Douglighed by: Douglig

STATEMENT ON THE COLLEGE'S REGULARITY, PROPRIETY AND COMPLIANCE WITH FUNDING BODY TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF FUNDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

The Company has considered its responsibility to notify the Education and Skills Funding Agency of any material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding, under the funding agreement in place between The College and the Education Funding Agency. As part of our consideration we have had due regard to the requirements of the funding agreement.

We confirm, on behalf of the Company, that after due enquiry, and to the best of our knowledge, we are able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by The College, or material non-compliance with the Education Funding Agency's terms and conditions of funding under The College's funding agreement.

We confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the Education Funding Agency.

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Director, CEO, Joint Principal and Accounting Officer

G. F. Pine

Director and Chair

DocuSigned by:

Date: 29 April 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DOREEN BIRD COLLEGE OF PERFORMING ARTS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Doreen Bird College of Performing Arts Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 July 2019, which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flows, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 July 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to note 21 in the financial statements, which sets out the Company's considerations on the impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic. As stated in note 21 the impact of these factors are ongoing and not knowing how long this situation will go on represents a material uncertainty. The Directors have set out their assessment of going concern in note 2.1 and consider that the going concern basis in the preparation of the Financial Statements remains appropriate. The material uncertainty regarding how long the situation will go on may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DOREEN BIRD COLLEGE OF PERFORMING ARTS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' Report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement on page 10, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DOREEN BIRD COLLEGE OF PERFORMING ARTS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' Report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mark Taylor (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of **Venthams**

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

51 Lincoln's Inn Fields London WC2A 3NA

29 April 2020

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Income			
Funding body grants	4	3,847,965	3,629,306
Tuition fees and education contracts	5	1,877,527	1,854,205
Other operating income	6	269,058	265,481
Bank deposit interest receivable		527	421
		5,995,077	5,749,413
Expenditure			
Staff costs	7	(3,979,708)	(3,790,732)
Depreciation, amortisation and losses on disposals	11	(230,936)	(422,739)
Other operating expenses	9	(1,583,148)	(1,528,114)
Gift aid payment to holding company		(65,725)	-
Operating profit		135,560	7,828
Total comprehensive income for the year		135,560	7,828

The statement of comprehensive income and expenditure is in respect of continuing activities.

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2019 or 2018 other than those included in the statement of comprehensive income.

DOREEN BIRD COLLEGE OF PERFORMING ARTS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:03088287

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 JULY 2019

	Note	2019 £	2019 £	2018 £	2018 £
Fixed assets	11010	~	~	~	~
Tangible assets	11		1,239,204		1,109,145
		•	1,239,204	-	1,109,145
Current assets			, ,		
Stocks	12	24,249		1,908	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	13	107,628		146,110	
Cash at bank and in hand	14	448,147		1,043,967	
	-	580,024		1,191,985	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	(948,530)		(1,565,992)	
Net current liabilities	-		(368,506)		(374,007)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	870,698	•	735,138
Total assets		-	870,698		735,138
Capital and reserves		·	_		_
Called up share capital	16		1,000		1,000
Revaluation reserve	17		142,319		180,261
Profit and loss account	17		727,379		553,877
Total reserves		-	870,698	•	735,138

DOREEN BIRD COLLEGE OF PERFORMING ARTS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:03088287

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 JULY 2019

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Docusigned by:
GOFF PINU
D94F6E5736B74AE...

G. F. Pine

Director and Chair

Date: 29 April 2020

S. A. Coen

DocuSigned by:

slurley coen

Director, CEO, Joint Principal and Accounting Officer

Date: 29 April 2020

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

	Called up share capital £	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
At 1 August 2017	1,000	241,681	484,629	727,310
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	-	-	7,828	7,828
Transfer to/from profit and loss account	-	(61,420)	61,420	-
At 1 August 2018	1,000	180,261	553,877	735,138
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	-	-	135,560	135,560
Transfer to/from profit and loss account	-	(37,942)	37,942	-
At 31 July 2019	1,000	142,319	727,379	870,698

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

	2019 £	2018 £
Cash flows from operating activities	~	2
Profit for the financial year	135,560	7,828
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of tangible assets	215,739	416,343
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	15,199	6,396
(Increase) in stocks	(22,341)	(377)
Decrease in debtors	42,483	46,576
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	9,925	(58,847)
(Decrease)/increase in amounts owed to groups	(631,389)	253,580
Net cash generated from operating activities	(234,824)	671,499
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(360,996)	(215,529)
Net cash from investing activities	(360,996)	(215,529)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(595,820)	455,970
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,043,967	587,997
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	448,147	1,043,967
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprise:		
Cash at bank and in hand	448,147	1,043,967
	448,147	1,043,967

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

1. Statement of accounting policies and estimation techniques

1.1 Basis of preparation and accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have also been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education 2015 (the 2015 FE HE SORP) and the associated College Accounts Direction for 2018 to 2019.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

1.2 Going concern

The activities of The College, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance are set out in the Directors Report. The financial position of The College, its cashflow, liquidity and borrowings are presented in the Financial Statements and accompanying notes.

As noted in Note 21 and also the principal risks and uncertainties section of the Directors' Report, since the end of the year The College has been impacted by the effects of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic. The effects of the pandemic are wide ranging and cannot be determined with accuracy as the pandemic is ongoing at the date of approval of the financial statements, and not knowing how long this situation will go on represents a material uncertainty.

The Directors have considered in detail the possible effects of the impacts on The College of the coronavirus (Covid-19) outbreak and, taking in to account a period exceeding 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that it has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and for this reason will continue to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of its Financial Statements.

1.3 Income recognition

Recurrent grants from Funding Councils and other bodies are recognised in line with the latest estimates of the grant receivable for an academic year. Non-recurrent grants from Funding Councils or other bodies received in respect of the acquisition or construction of fixed assets are treated as deferred capital grants and amortised in line with depreciation over the life of the assets. Non-recurrent grants from Funding Councils or other bodies received in respect of revenue expenditure are recognised in the same period that the expenditure is incurred. Grants received before the expenditure has been incurred are shown in creditors.

Tuition Fees and Education Contracts represent amounts receivable from students, parents, Local Education Authorities and Sponsors in respect of tuition fees for the year under consideration.

The cost of providing bursaries and funding from the Company's own funds is excluded from tuition fees. Bursaries met by other parties are included as Tuition Fees.

1.4 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is accounted for under the accruals concept with the addition of Value Added Tax as the Company is not registered for Value Added Tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

1. Statement of accounting policies and estimation techniques (continued)

1.5 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Equipment costing less than £100 per individual item is written off to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year of acquisition. All other equipment is capitalised at cost.

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The Company adds to the carrying amount of an item of fixed assets the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred, if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental future benefits to the Company. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Where equipment is acquired with the aid of specific grants the asset is capitalised and depreciated in accordance with the above policy, with the relevant grant being credited to a deferred capital grant account and released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful economic life of the related equipment.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Depreciation on other assets is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line and reducing balance methods.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Improvements to leasehold - Over the term of the lease premises

Costumes and props - 20% Reducing balance method Motor vehicles - 20% Reducing balance method Fixtures, fittings and equipment - 20% Reducing balance method Computer & IT Equipment - 20% Reducing balance method Musical instruments - 20% Straight line method

1.6 Revaluation of tangible fixed assets

The company has adopted the revaluation model to revalue items of property, plant and equipment whose fair value can be measured reliably. The revaluations shall be made with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting period.

The fair value of items of plant and machinery is usually their market value determined by appraisal.

Revaluation gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity unless losses exceed the previously recognised gains or reflect a clear consumption of economic benefits in which case the excess losses are recognised in profit and loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

Statement of accounting policies and estimation techniques (continued)

1.7 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.8 Debtors and prepayments

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

1.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

In the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management.

1.10 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

1.11 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.12 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form.

Financial liabilities within the scope of IAS 39 are initially classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

1.13 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

1. Statement of accounting policies and estimation techniques (continued)

1.14 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

1.15 Holiday pay accrual

A liability is recognised to the extent of any unused holiday pay entitlement which is accrued at the Balance Sheet date and carried forward to future periods. This is measured at the undiscounted salary cost of the future holiday entitlement so accrued at the Balance Sheet date.

1.16 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

1.17 Exceptional items

Exceptional items are transactions that fall within the ordinary activities of the Company but are presented separately due to their size or incidence.

2. General information

The Company was incorporated in England as Doreen Bird College of Performing Arts Limited on the 7 August 1995 under the provisions of the Companies Act 1985. The Company trades as a college of education in the performing arts using the name of Bird College and is referred to in these reports as both The Company and The College.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

In preparing these financial statements, management have made the following judgments:

Impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic

Management have considered the uncertainty arising from the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic that has occurred since the end of the financial year but before the date on which these financial statements are approved. The risks that The College are exposed to and the steps taken to mitigate them are set out in the Director's Report and in Notes 2.1 and 21.

Tangible fixed assets

Certain classes of tangible fixed assets were revalued during a previous year at estimated market value as assessed by the directors in consultation with members of staff and external suppliers.

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

The directors have considered whether there are indicators of impairment of the group's tangible assets. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

4.	Funding body grants		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Education and Skills Funding Agency - Dance and Drama Awards Greenwich University for BA and Foundation Degree	876,593 2,971,372	788,015 2,841,291
		3,847,965	3,629,306
5.	Tuition fees and education contracts		
	Tuition fees charged	457,636	390,032
	Pre-professional course fees	408,520	433,700
	Private lessons and examinations	70,603	77,514
	Summer and Easter short courses	82,489	80,376
	Arts Council - Music Hub	397,537	395,931
	Music Services - School income	151,472	187,427
	Bexley Council - Music services	23,001	300
	Music department income	212,962	219,352
	PPA Income	73,307	69,573
		1,877,527	1,854,205
6.	Other operating income		
		2019	2018
	Agency Commission	£ 25,378	£ 23,895
	Audition fees	56,860	52,929
	Income from productions and shows	98,666	96,391
	Student tours	52,555	48,274
	Musical instrument hirings	13,036	14,005
	Miscellaneous income	22,563	29,988
		269,058	265,482

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

7. Employee and staff details

	2019 £	2018 £
Wages, salaries and benefits in kind	3,509,172	3,358,630
Social security costs	306,722	292,058
Staff pension costs - money purchase schemes	163,814	140,044
	3,979,708	3,790,732
		

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows:

	2019 No.	2018 No.
Directors	2	2
Other key management personnel	3	3
Teaching staff	61	61
Non teaching staff	32	37
	98	103

8. Directors' and key management personnel remuneration

Key management personnel are defined as members of The College Leadership Team and were represented by the following:

	2019 No.	2018 No.
Directors (joint principals)	2	2
Other key management personnel (assistant principals)	3	3
	5	5

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

2019 £	2018 £
216,334	202,839
20,128	8,239
27,513	25,731
-	(307)
263,975	236,502
175,808	169,598
10,580	9,019
20,746	19,990
471,109	435,109
	£ 216,334 20,128 27,513 - 263,975 175,808 10,580 20,746

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 2 directors (2018:2) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes.

The highest paid director received remuneration (including benefits in kind) of £119,788 (2018: £112,725).

The value of the company's contributions paid to a defined contribution pension scheme in respect of the highest paid director amounted to £10,960 (2018: £4,711).

The number of directors and key management personnel who received annual emoluments, excluding pension contributions but including benefits in kind, in the following ranges was:

	2019 No.	2018 No.
£50,001 to £60,000	2	3
£60,001 to £70,000	1	-
£70,001 to £90,000	-	-
£90,001 to £100,000	1	1
£100,001 to £110,000	-	-
£110,001 to £120,000	1	1
	5	5

There were no other staff members who received annual emoluments of £60,000 or more.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

	2019 £	2018 £
Teaching costs		
Printing, postage and stationery	27,107	20,322
Theatre production expenses and overseas tours	303,650	354,773
	330,757	375,095
Teaching support services costs		
Resources costs	7,744	9,708
Audition expenses	2,997	2,502
Teaching equipment repairs	9,770	8,961
External validation fees	30,949	25,870
Exam costs	28,137	30,492
Staff development fund	21,740	28,273
	101,337	105,806
Administration and central services costs		
Insurances	38,160	38,055
Printing postage and stationery	27,107	20,836
	24,781	25,502
Telephone and internet		
Telephone and internet Bad and doubtful debts	1,572	4,792
•	1,572 2,186	4,792 2,438
Bad and doubtful debts		2,438
Bad and doubtful debts Motor running costs	2,186	
Bad and doubtful debts Motor running costs Hotels, travel and subsistence	2,186 8,116	2,438 7,694 15,850
Bad and doubtful debts Motor running costs Hotels, travel and subsistence Equipment leasing	2,186 8,116 10,310	2,438 7,694 15,850 8,783
Bad and doubtful debts Motor running costs Hotels, travel and subsistence Equipment leasing Bank charges	2,186 8,116 10,310 8,447	2,438 7,694 15,850 8,783 10,800
Bad and doubtful debts Motor running costs Hotels, travel and subsistence Equipment leasing Bank charges Auditors' remuneration	2,186 8,116 10,310 8,447 10,980	2,438 7,694 15,850 8,783 10,800
Bad and doubtful debts Motor running costs Hotels, travel and subsistence Equipment leasing Bank charges Auditors' remuneration Accountancy	2,186 8,116 10,310 8,447 10,980 9,900	2,438 7,694 15,850 8,783 10,800 10,800 7,716
Bad and doubtful debts Motor running costs Hotels, travel and subsistence Equipment leasing Bank charges Auditors' remuneration Accountancy Payroll services fee	2,186 8,116 10,310 8,447 10,980 9,900 7,200	2,438 7,694 15,850 8,783 10,800 10,800 7,716 78,886
Bad and doubtful debts Motor running costs Hotels, travel and subsistence Equipment leasing Bank charges Auditors' remuneration Accountancy Payroll services fee Computer costs	2,186 8,116 10,310 8,447 10,980 9,900 7,200 104,429	2,438 7,694 15,850 8,783 10,800 7,716 78,886 16,490
Bad and doubtful debts Motor running costs Hotels, travel and subsistence Equipment leasing Bank charges Auditors' remuneration Accountancy Payroll services fee Computer costs Catering and College events	2,186 8,116 10,310 8,447 10,980 9,900 7,200 104,429 17,107	2,438 7,694 15,850 8,783 10,800 7,716 78,886 16,490 13,234
Bad and doubtful debts Motor running costs Hotels, travel and subsistence Equipment leasing Bank charges Auditors' remuneration Accountancy Payroll services fee Computer costs Catering and College events HR and and health and safety consultants	2,186 8,116 10,310 8,447 10,980 9,900 7,200 104,429 17,107 64,537	2,438 7,694 15,850 8,783 10,800 7,716 78,886 16,490 13,234 26,036
Bad and doubtful debts Motor running costs Hotels, travel and subsistence Equipment leasing Bank charges Auditors' remuneration Accountancy Payroll services fee Computer costs Catering and College events HR and and health and safety consultants Staff recruitment	2,186 8,116 10,310 8,447 10,980 9,900 7,200 104,429 17,107 64,537 19,147	2,438 7,694

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

Other operating expenses (continued)	
General education costs	
Marketing costs 94,75	77,208
Trade subscriptions 32,03	8 39,127
126,79	116,335
Premises costs	
Rent payable 332,62	2 357,261
Rates and water 16,04	6 24,972
Light and heat 61,14	.8 52,160
Repairs to premises 65,37	3 45,577
Cleaning, laundry and hygiene 65,27	1 13,659
Alarms and vending maintenance 4,60	0 4,829
Canteen subsidy 82,48	9 89,671
Property consultancy fees 12,63	10,728
640,17	598,857
Total other operating expenses 1,583,14	1,528,114

10. Taxation

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is the same as (2018 -the same as) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%) as set out below:

	2019 £	2018 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	135,560 	7,829
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 -19%) Effects of:	20,540	1,487
Other timing differences leading to an increase (decrease) in taxation	(20,540)	(1,487)
Total tax charge for the year		-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

10. Taxation (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

11. Tangible fixed assets

Additions 239,865 16,257 - 104,875 360 Disposals (2,042) 663 - (20,720) (22 At 31 July 2019 1,185,794 564,928 39,184 551,852 2,341 Depreciation At 1 August 2018 395,927 290,152 11,554 196,082 893 Charge for the year on owned assets 30,232 91,408 5,527 88,572 215 Disposals (638) (360) - (5,902) (6	Total £
Additions 239,865 16,257 - 104,875 360 Disposals (2,042) 663 - (20,720) (22,042) At 31 July 2019 1,185,794 564,928 39,184 551,852 2,341 Depreciation At 1 August 2018 395,927 290,152 11,554 196,082 893 Charge for the year on owned assets 30,232 91,408 5,527 88,572 215 Disposals (638) (360) - (5,902) (65,002)	
Disposals (2,042) 663 - (20,720) (22,720) At 31 July 2019 1,185,794 564,928 39,184 551,852 2,341 Depreciation At 1 August 2018 395,927 290,152 11,554 196,082 893 Charge for the year on owned assets 30,232 91,408 5,527 88,572 215 Disposals (638) (360) - (5,902) (6	02,860
At 31 July 2019 1,185,794 564,928 39,184 551,852 2,341,334 Depreciation At 1 August 2018 395,927 290,152 11,554 196,082 893,434 Charge for the year on owned assets 30,232 91,408 5,527 88,572 215,527 Disposals (638) (360) - (5,902) (6,62)	60,997
Depreciation At 1 August 2018 395,927 290,152 11,554 196,082 893 Charge for the year on owned assets 30,232 91,408 5,527 88,572 215 Disposals (638) (360) - (5,902) (6	22,099)
At 1 August 2018 395,927 290,152 11,554 196,082 893, Charge for the year on owned assets 30,232 91,408 5,527 88,572 215, Disposals (638) (360) - (5,902) (6,902)	41,758
Charge for the year on owned assets 30,232 91,408 5,527 88,572 215 Disposals (638) (360) - (5,902) (6	
assets 30,232 91,408 5,527 88,572 215 Disposals (638) (360) - (5,902) (6	93,715
Disposals (638) (360) - (5,902) (6	
	15,739
At 31 July 2019 425,521 381,200 17,081 278,752 1,102	(6,900)
	02,554
Net book value	
At 31 July 2019 760,273 183,728 22,103 273,100 1,239	39,204
At 31 July 2018 552,044 257,856 27,630 271,615 1,109,	09,145

Following the reorganisation of The College into one site in 2016, a detailed review of Fixed Assets was carried out and a policy was adopted of revaluing those assets which existed at the transfer to a new site at their market value at the date of the transfer. The revaluation was carried out by the staff of The College in consultation with external contractors and the revaluation amount was approved by the Board of Directors.

Additions subsequent to the transfer to the new site, and the costs involved with the creation of Fixed Assets within the new site are shown at cost.

It was not practical or possible to identify the original costs of the assets which were transferred to the new site, or to identify the specific assets which were scrapped or which no longer exist. Any exercise to attempt to identify these assets would involve undue cost and effort at that time. Accordingly no details are disclosed concerning the amounts which would have been included under the historical cost convention.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

12.	Stocks		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Finished goods and goods for recolls	24,249	
	Finished goods and goods for resale		1,908
		24,249	1,908
13.	Debtors		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Trade debtors	23,660	30,697
	Other debtors	18,449	17,865
	Prepayments and accrued income	65,519	97,548
		107,628	146,110
14.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	448,147	1,043,967
		448,147	1,043,967
15.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Trade creditors	112,138	126,961
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	417,000	1,048,388
	Other taxation and social security	98,766	97,575
	Other creditors	60,967	47,555
	Accruals and deferred income	259,659	245,515
		948,530	1,565,994

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

16. Share capital

Onare Capital		
	2019 £	2018 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1,000 (2018 -1,000) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	1,000	1,000

17. Reserves

Revaluation reserve

The revaluation reserve represents the net surplus arising on the revaluation at 1 August 2015 of plant, equipment, costumes, musical instruments and other similar assets mentioned in note 11. The amount shown represents the difference between the net book value of the respective assets at the valuation date and the amount of the valuation.

An amount equivalent to the excess depreciation of the relevant assets (calculated as the difference between the depreciation calculated on the revalued amount and the deprecation charged on original cost) is released from the reserve is released back to the profit and loss account over the period that the asset is depreciated for.

18. Contingent liabilities

Value Added Tax (VAT) position

The College is not currently registered for VAT as the directors are of the opinion that the taxable turnover of The College is below that which requires VAT registration. The majority of its turnover arises from the supplies of education to its students or from supplies closely linked to the supply of education both of which are exempt income for VAT purposes.

In coming to this conclusion, the directors have relied on a decision of the UK tax tribunals and the European Courts which have ruled that this type of income would not be taxable in an unconnected case concerning the VAT liability of certain supplies which are closely related to education.

HMRC have issued guidance on the application of this decision and The College is of the opinion that if the guidance is applied to certain aspects of its income these items of income would not form taxable income and the remaining amounts of taxable income would not be sufficient for VAT registration to be required.

If the opinion is not confirmed, The College may be required to retrospectively register for VAT and account for tax on supplies of non-exempt income from the date that it should have been registered for VAT.

It is not possible to quantify the possible liability which may arise and as the final judgment has not been issued, no amount has been provided for in these accounts for any potential liability.

Guarantee of borrowings of holding company

The company has given a guarantee in respect of bank borrowings of the holding company, The Doreen Bird Foundation to a maximum of £2,400,000 (2018 £2,400,000) plus further sums for interest and charges. The guarantee is secured by fixed and floating charges over the company's assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

19. Commitments under operating leases

The Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases as follows:

In respect of land and buildings	2019 £	2018 £
Not later than 1 year	250,000	250,000
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	83,333	333,333
	333,333	583,333

The lease of The College's main premises at Alma Road was due to expire on 20 November 2020 and the commitments referred to above are in respect of the amounts due under that lease. On 14 August 2019 the company signed a new lease for the premises for £250,000 per annum for a period of 25 years.

In respect of other leases	2019 £	2018 £
Not later than 1 year	42,674	17,208
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	132,659	-
Later than 5 years	8,291	-
	183,624	17,208

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

20. Related party transactions

Owing to the nature of the Charity's operations and the nature of its subsidiary College's operations and the Trustees being drawn in part from local private and public sector organisations, it is inevitable that transactions will take place with organisations in which a Trustee may have an interest. All transactions with such organisations are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with The College's financial regulations and procurement procedures.

Transactions and balances with the parent, The Doreen Bird Foundation ("The Foundation").

During the year rent of £250,000 (2018: £250,000) was paid by The College, in respect of properties owned by The Doreen Bird Foundation which are occupied by The College for the purpose of its trade.

The Doreen Bird Foundation has agreed to provide support to The College by way of financing certain students' tuition fees by way of funding bursaries for those students. The bursaries awarded for the year amounted to £29,792 (2018: £6,668).

The Doreen Bird Foundation has awarded prizes to the best performing students of The College for the year. These prizes are paid by the Foundation directly to the students concerned. The prizes awarded for the year amounted to £2,000 (2018: £2,000).

The College owes The Doreen Bird Foundation £417,000 (2018: £1,048,388) in respect of the intercompany current account and this amount is included in creditors due within one year. The amounts owed are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

The Doreen Bird College of Performing Arts Limited has given an undertaking of £2,400,000 (2018: £2,400,000) to guarantee borrowings taken out by The Doreen Bird Foundation. This is secured by fixed and floating charges over the assets of The Doreen Bird College of Performing Arts Limited. The Doreen Bird College of Performing Arts Limited has also given an indemnity on 26 January 2018 in respect of the total payments due under a lease agreement entered into by The Doreen Bird Foundation to provide a modular building on the property that is used by The College for the purpose of its trade. The indemnity was given for the full amount of the lease payments of £959,534 (2018: £1,209,534).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

21. Post balance sheet events

Impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic

Since the end of the year The College has been affected by the worldwide impact of the pandemic caused by the coronavirus (Covid-19). At the year end the coronavirus (Covid-19) had not been identified as a worldwide threat and accordingly the impact of any factors resulting from the virus are considered in these accounts to be non-adjusting post balance sheet events. The impact of these factors are ongoing and not knowing how long this situation will go on represents a material uncertainty.

The major risks associated with the impact of the coronavirus (Covid-19) have been assessed as:

- a possible drop in students and fee income from other sources
- an inability to use the company's premises for teaching purposes
- an impact on the entity's supply chain
- an impact on the entity's work force
- an impact on cash from either losses or changes of income or payments schedules for suppliers
- not knowing how long this situation will go on.

The risks are being mitigated by detailed planning and contingency measures being put in place by the board of directors and the senior management team. These include:

- use of Government funded schemes to finance employees placed on furlough
- revision to detailed cash flows and budgets under various scenarios
- discussions with suppliers to arrange payment plans and to defer planned capital expenditure.
- where possible arranging for the workforce to work off site.

Other events

There were no other post balance sheet events which affect the figures disclosed in the accounts or which require disclosure.

22. Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party and parent company in both the current and preceding financial year is The Doreen Bird Foundation (incorporated in England and Wales) by virtue of its 100% shareholding.